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## GENERAL ApTITUDE

## Q. No. 1 - 5 Carry One Mark Each

1. A generic term that includes various items of clothing such as a skirt, a pair of trousers and a shirt as
(A) fabric
(B) textile
(C) fibre
(D) apparel

Answer:
(C)
2. Choose the statement where underlined word is used correctly.
(A) The industrialist had a personnel jet.
(B) I write my experience in my personnel diary.
(C) All personnel are being given the day off.
(D) Being religious is a personnel aspect.

Answer: (C)
3. Based on the given statements, select the most appropriate option to solve the given question.

What will be the total weight of 10 poles each of same weight?

## Statements:

(I) One fourth of the weight of a pole is 5 kg
(II) The total weight of these poles is 160 kg more than the total weight of two poles.
(A) Statement II alone is not sufficient
(B) Statement II alone is not sufficient
(C) Either I or II alone is sufficient
(D) Both statements I and II together are not sufficient.

## Answer: (C)

[^0]4. Consider a function $f(x)=1-|x|$ on $-1 \leq x \leq 1$. The value of x at which the function attains a maximum, and the maximum value of function are:
(A) $0,-1$
(B) $-1,0$
(C) 0,1
(D) $-1,2$

Answer: (C)
5. We $\qquad$ our friend's birthday and we $\qquad$ how to make it up to him.
(A) completely forgot --- don't just known
(B) forget completely --- don't just know
(C) completely forget --- just don't know
(D) forgot completely --- just don't know

Answer:
(C)

## Q. No. 6-10 Carry Two Marks Each

6. In a triangle $\mathrm{PQR}, \mathrm{PS}$ is the angle bisector of $\angle \mathrm{QPR}$ and $\angle \mathrm{QPS}=60^{\circ}$. What is the length of PS ?

(A) $\frac{(q+r)}{q r}$
(B) $\frac{\mathrm{qr}}{(\mathrm{q}+\mathrm{r})}$
(C) $\sqrt{\left(\mathrm{q}^{2}+\mathrm{r}^{2}\right)}$
(D) $\frac{(\mathrm{q}+\mathrm{r})^{2}}{\mathrm{qr}}$

Answer: (B)

[^1]7. Four branches of a company are located at $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{O}$, and P . M is north of N at a distance of $4 \mathrm{~km} ; \mathrm{P}$ is south of O at a distance of $2 \mathrm{~km} ; \mathrm{N}$ is southeast of O by 1 km . What is the distance between M and P in km ?
(A) 5.34
(B) 6.74
(C) 28.5
(D) 45.49

Answer: (A)
8. If $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{s}$ are distinct integers such that:
$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{s})=\max (\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{s})$
$\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{s})=\min (\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{s})$
$\mathrm{h}(\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{r}, \mathrm{s})=$ remainder of $(\mathrm{p} \times \mathrm{q}) /(\mathrm{r} \times \mathrm{s})$ if $(\mathrm{p} \times \mathrm{q})>(\mathrm{r} \times \mathrm{s})$ or remainder of $(\mathrm{r} \times \mathrm{s}) /(\mathrm{p} \times \mathrm{q})$ if $(\mathrm{r} \times \mathrm{s})>$ $(p \times q)$

Also a function fgh $(p, q, r, s)=f(p, q, r, s) \times g(p, q, r, s) \times h(p, q, r, s)$
Also the same operations are valid with two variable function of the form $f(p, q)$.
What is the value of $\mathrm{fg}(\mathrm{h}(2,5,7,3), 4,6,8)$ ?
Answer:
(8)
9. If the list of letters, $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{T}, \mathrm{U}$ is an arithmetic sequence, which of the following are also in arithmetic sequence?
I. $2 \mathrm{P}, 2 \mathrm{R}, 2 \mathrm{~S}, 2 \mathrm{~T}, 2 \mathrm{U}$
II. $\quad \mathrm{P}-3, \mathrm{R}-3, \mathrm{~S}-3, \mathrm{~T}-3, \mathrm{U}-3$
III. $\quad \mathrm{P}^{2}, \mathrm{R}^{2}, \mathrm{~S}^{2}, \mathrm{~T}^{2}, \mathrm{U}^{2}$
(A) I only
(B) I and II
(C) II and III
(D) I and III

## Answer: (B)

10. Out of the following four sentences, select the most suitable sentence with respect to grammer and usage:
(A) Since the report lacked needed information, it was of no use to them.
(B) The report was useless to them because there were no needed information in it.
(C) Since the report did not contain the needed information, it was not real useful to them
(D) Since the report lacked needed information, it would not had been useful to them.

## Answer: (A)

## ElECTRICAL ENGINEERING

## O. No. 1-25 carry One Mark Each

1. Find the transformer ratios $a$ and $b$ that the impedance $\left(\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{in}}\right)$ is resistive and equal $2.5 \Omega$ when the network is excited with a sine wave voltage of angular frequency of $5000 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$.


## Answer: <br> (B)

2. The synchronous generator shown in the figure is supplying active power to an infinite bus via two short, lossless transmission lines, and is initially in steady state. The mechanical power input to the generator and the voltage magnitude E are constant.

[^2]If one line is tripped at time $t_{1}$ by opening the circuit breakers at the two ends (although there is no fault), then it is seen that the generator undergoes a stable transient. Which one of the following waveforms of the rotor angle $\delta$ shows the transient correctly?
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)


## Answer: (A)

3. In the following circuit, the input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}$ is $100 \sin (100 \pi \mathrm{t})$. For $100 \pi \mathrm{RC}=50$, the average voltages across R (in volts) under steady-state is nearest to

(A) 100
(B) 31.8
(C) 200
(D) 63.6

Answer: (C)
4. A 4-pole, separately excited, wave wound DC machine with negligible armature resistance is rated for 230 V and 5 kW at a speed of 1200 rpm . If the same armature coils are reconnected to form a lap winding, what is the rated voltage (in volts) and power (in kW ) respectively at 1200 rpm of the reconnected machine if the field circuit is left unchanged?
(A) 230 and 5
(B) 115 and 5
(C) 115 and 2.5
(D) 230 and 2.5

## Answer: (B)

[^3]5. Given $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})=\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{z})+\mathrm{h}(\mathrm{z})$ where $\mathrm{f}, \mathrm{g}, \mathrm{h}$ are complex valued functions of a complex variable z . Which one of the following statements is TRUE?
(A) If $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})$ is differential at $\mathrm{z}_{0}=0$, then $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{z})$ and $\mathrm{h}(\mathrm{z})$ are also differentiable at $\mathrm{z}_{0}=0$.
(B) If $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{z})$ and $\mathrm{h}(\mathrm{z})$ are differentiable at $\mathrm{z}_{0}=0$, then $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})$ is also differentiable at $\mathrm{z}_{0}=0$.
(C) If $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})$ is continuous at $\mathrm{z}_{0}=0$, and then it is differentiable at $\mathrm{z}_{0}=0$.
(D) If $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})$ is differentiable at $\mathrm{z}_{0}=0$, then so are its real and imaginary parts.

Answer: (B)
6. A 3-bus power system network consists of 3 transmission lines. The bus admittance matrix of the uncompensated system is

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
-\mathrm{j} 6 & \mathrm{j} 3 & \mathrm{j} 4 \\
\mathrm{j} 3 & -\mathrm{j} 7 & \mathrm{j} 5 \\
\mathrm{j} 4 & \mathrm{j} & -\mathrm{j} 8
\end{array}\right] \mathrm{pu} .
$$

If the shunt capacitance of all transmission line is $50 \%$ compensated, the imaginary part of the $3^{\text {rd }}$ row $3^{\text {rd }}$ column element (in pu) of the bus admittance matrix after compensation is
(A) $\quad-\mathrm{j} 7.0$
(B)
-j 8.5
(C) -j 7.5
(D) $\quad-\mathrm{j} 9.0$

## Answer: <br> (B)

7. A shunt-connected DC motor operates at its rated terminal voltage. Its no-load speed is 200 radians/second. At its rated torque of 500 Nm , its speed is 180 radian/second. The motor is used to directly drive a load whose load torque $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ depends on its rotational speed $\omega_{\mathrm{r}}$ (in radians/second), such that $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}=2.78 \times \omega_{\mathrm{r}}$. Neglecting rotational losses, the steady-state speed (in radian/second) of the motor, when it drives this load is $\qquad$ .

## Answer: (C)

[^4]8. A circular turn of radius 1 m revolves at 60 rpm about its diameter aligned with the x -axis as shown in the figure. The value of $\mu_{0}$ is $4 \pi \times 10^{-7}$ in SI unit. If a uniform magnetic field intensity $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{H}}=10^{7} \hat{\mathrm{z}} \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{m}$ is applied, then the peak value of the induced voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {turn }}$ (in volts), is $\qquad$ .

Answer:

9. The operational amplifier shown in the figure is ideal. The input voltage (in Volt) is $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{i}}=2 \sin (2 \pi \times 2000 \mathrm{t})$.


The amplitude of the output voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}$ (in Volt) is $\qquad$ -.

## Answer: <br> (1.25)

10. In the following circuit, the transistor is in active mode and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$. To get $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ and to get $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}=4 \mathrm{~V}$, we replace $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{C}}$ with $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{C}}^{\prime}$


Then the ratio $R_{C}^{\prime} / R_{C}$ is $\qquad$
Answer:
(0.75)
11. The Laplace transform of $f(t)=2 \sqrt{t / \pi}$ is $s^{-3 / 2}$ The Laplace transform of $g(t)=\sqrt{1 / \pi t}$ is
(A) $\frac{3 \mathrm{~s}^{-5 / 2}}{2}$
(B) $\mathrm{s}^{-1 / 2}$
(C) $\mathrm{s}^{1 / 2}$
(D) $\mathrm{s}^{3 / 2}$

Answer:
(B)
12. A capacitive voltage divider is used to measure the bus voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {bus }}$ in a high voltage $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{AC}$ system as shown in the figure.


The measurement capacitors $C_{1}$ and $C_{2}$ have tolerances of $\pm 10 \%$ on their nominal capacitance values. If the bus voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {bus }}$ is 100 kV rms , the maximum rms output voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {bus }}$ (in kV ), considering the capacitor tolerance, is $\qquad$ .

Answer: (11.95)

[^5]13. Match the following:

| P. | Stokes Theorem | 1. | $\oiint \mathrm{D} . \mathrm{ds}=\mathrm{Q}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q. | Gauss Theorem | 2. | $\oint \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z}) \mathrm{dz}=0$ |
| R. | Divergence Theorem | 3. | $\iiint(\nabla . \mathrm{A}) \mathrm{dv}=\oiint \mathrm{A} . \mathrm{ds}$ |
| S. | Cauchy's Integral Theorem | 4. | $\iint(\nabla \times \mathrm{A}) . \mathrm{ds}=\oint \mathrm{A} . \mathrm{d} \ell$ |


| (A) | P-2, | Q-1, | R-4, | S-3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (B) | P-4, | Q-1, | R-3, | S-2 |
| (C) | P-4, | Q-3, | R-1, | S-2 |
| (D) | P-3, | Q-4, | R-2, | S-1 |

Answer:
(B)
14. Consider the following Sum of Products expression, F,

$$
\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{ABC}+\overline{\mathrm{A}} \overline{\mathrm{~B}} \mathrm{C}+\mathrm{A} \overline{\mathrm{~B}} \mathrm{C}+\overline{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{BC}+\overline{\mathrm{A}} \overline{\mathrm{~B}} \overline{\mathrm{C}}
$$

The equivalent Product of Sums expression is
(A) $\mathrm{F}=(\mathrm{A}+\overline{\mathrm{B}}+\mathrm{C})(\overline{\mathrm{A}}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C})(\overline{\mathrm{A}}+\overline{\mathrm{B}}+\mathrm{C})$
(B) $\mathrm{F}=(\mathrm{A}+\overline{\mathrm{B}}+\overline{\mathrm{C}})(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C})(\overline{\mathrm{A}}+\overline{\mathrm{B}}+\overline{\mathrm{C}})$
(C) $\quad \mathrm{F}=(\overline{\mathrm{A}}+\mathrm{B}+\overline{\mathrm{C}})(\mathrm{A}+\overline{\mathrm{B}}+\overline{\mathrm{C}})(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C})$
(D) $\mathrm{F}=(\overline{\mathrm{A}}+\overline{\mathrm{B}}+\mathrm{C})(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\overline{\mathrm{C}})(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C})$

## Answer: (A)

15. A series RL circuit is excited at $t=0$ by closing a switch as shown in the figure. Assuming zero initial conditions, the value of $\frac{\mathrm{d}^{2} \mathrm{I}}{\mathrm{dt}^{2}}$ at $\mathrm{t}=0^{+}$is


[^6](A) $\frac{\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{L}}$
(B) $\frac{-\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{R}}$
(C) 0
(D) $\frac{-\mathrm{RV}}{\mathrm{L}^{2}}$

Answer: (D)
16. We have a set of 3 linear equations in 3 unknowns. ' $\mathrm{X} \equiv \mathrm{Y}^{\prime}$ means X and Y are equivalent statements and ' $\mathrm{X} \not \equiv \mathrm{Y}$ ' means X and Y are not equivalent statements.
$\mathbf{P}: \quad$ There is a unique solution.
Q: The equations are linearly independent.
R: All eigenvalues of the coefficient matrix are nonzero.
S: The determinant of the coefficient matrix is nonzero.
Which one of the following is TRUE?
(A) $\mathrm{P} \equiv \mathrm{R} \equiv \mathrm{Q} \equiv \mathrm{S}$
(B) $\mathrm{P} \equiv \mathrm{R} \neq \mathrm{Q} \equiv \mathrm{S}$
(C) $\mathrm{P} \equiv \mathrm{Q} \neq \mathrm{R} \equiv \mathrm{S}$
(D) $\mathrm{P} \neq \mathrm{Q} \neq \mathrm{R} \neq \mathrm{S}$

## Answer: <br> (A)

17. Match the following:

## Instrument Type

P. Permanent magnet moving coil
Q. Moving iron connected through current transformer
R. Rectifier
S. Electrodynamometer
(A) $\mathrm{P}-1$,
$\mathrm{Q}-2$,
$\mathrm{R}-1$, S-3
(B) $\mathrm{P}-1$,

Q-3,
$\mathrm{R}-1$,
S-2
(C) $\mathrm{P}-1$,

Q-2,
$\mathrm{R}-3$,
S-3
(D) $\mathrm{P}-3$,

Q-1,
$\mathrm{R}-2$,
S-1

## Answer: (C)

[^7]

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18. Two semi-infinite dielectric regions are separated by a plane boundary at $\mathrm{y}=0$. The dielectric constant of region $1(y<0)$ and region $2(y>0)$ are 2 and 5 , Region 1 has uniform electric field $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{E}}=3 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{x}}+4 \hat{a}_{\mathrm{y}}+2 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{x}$, where $\hat{a}_{x}, \hat{a}_{y}$ and $\hat{a}_{z}$ are unit vectors along the $x, y$ and $z$ axes, respectively. The electric field region 2 is
(A) $3 \hat{a}_{\mathrm{x}}+1.6 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{y}}+2 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{z}}$
(B) $1.2 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{x}}+4 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{y}}+2 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{z}}$
(C) $1.2 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{x}}+4 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{y}}+0.8 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{z}}$
(D) $3 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{x}}+10 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{\mathrm{y}}+0.8 \hat{\mathrm{a}}_{z}$

## Answer: (A)

19. The filters F1 and F2 having characteristics as shown in Figures (a) and (b) are connected as shown in Figure (c).

(a)

(b)

(c)

The cut-off frequencies of $F 1$ and $F 2$ are $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$ respectively. If $f_{1}<f_{2}$, the resultant circuit exhibits the characteristics of a
(A) Band-pass filter
(B) Band-stop filter
(C) All pass filter
(D) High-Q filter

## Answer: (B)

20. The figure shows the per-phase equivalent circuit of a two-pole three-phase induction motor operating at 50 Hz .


The "air-gap" voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{g}}$ across the magnetizing inductance, is 210 V rms , and the slip, is 0.05 . The torque (in Nm ) produced by the motor is $\qquad$ .

Answer: (401.66)
21. Nyquist plot of two functions $G_{1}(s)$ and $G_{2}(s)$ are shown in figure.


Nyquist plot of the product $G_{1}(s)$ and $G_{2}(s)$ is


Answer: (B)

[^8]22. A 3-phase balanced load which has a power factor of 0.707 is connected to balanced supply. The power consumed by the load is 5 kW . The power is measured by the two-wattmeter method. The readings of the two wattmeters are
(A) 3.94 kW and 1.06 kW
(B) 2.50 kW and 2.50 kW
(C) $\quad 5.00 \mathrm{~kW}$ and 0.00 kW
(D) 2.96 kW and 2.04 kW

## Answer: (A)

23. An open loop control system results in a response of $e^{-2 t}(\sin 5 t+\cos 5 t)$ for a unit impulse input. The DC gain of the control system is $\qquad$
Answer: (0.241)
24. When a bipolar junction transistor is operating in the saturation mode, which one of the following statement is TRUE about the state of its collector-base (CB) and the base-emitter (BE) junctions?
(A) The CB junction is forward biased and the BE junction is reverse biased.
(B) The CB junction is reversed and the BE junction is forward biased.
(C) Both the CB and BE junctions are forward biased.
(D) Both the CB and BE junctions are reverse biased.

## Answer: <br> (C)

25. The current I (in ampere) in the $2 \Omega$ resistor of the given network is $\qquad$ .


Answer: (0)

[^9]
## Q. No. 26 - 55 Carry Two Marks Each

26. A 220 V , 3-phase, 4-pole, 50 Hz induction motor of wound rotor type is supplied at rated voltage and frequency. The stator resistance, magnetizing reactance, and core loss are negligible. The maximum torque produced by the rotor is $225 \%$ of full load torque and it occurs at $15 \%$ slip. The actual rotor resistance is $0.03 \Omega$ / phase. The value of external resistance (in Ohm) which must be inserted in a rotor phase if the maximum torque is to occur at start is $\qquad$ _.

Answer:
(0.17)
27. Two three-phase transformers are realized using single-phase transformers as shown in the figure.


The phase difference (in degree) between voltage $V_{1}$ and $V_{2}$ is $\qquad$ _.

## Answer:

(30)
28. A balanced (positive sequence) three-phase AC voltage source is connected to a balanced, star connected through a star-delta transformer as shown in the figure.


[^10]The line-to-line voltage rating is 230 V on the star side, and 115 V on the delta side. If the magnetizing current is neglected and $\overline{\mathrm{I}}_{\mathrm{s}}=100 \angle 0^{\circ} \mathrm{A}$, then what is the value of $\overline{\mathrm{I}}_{\mathrm{p}}$ in Ampere?
(A) $50 \angle 30^{\circ}$
(B) $50 \angle-30^{\circ}$
(C) $50 \sqrt{3} \angle 30^{\circ}$
(D) $200 \angle 30^{\circ}$

## Answer: (A)

29. Two semi-infinite conducting sheets are placed at right angles to each other as shown in the figure.

A point charge of +Q is placed at a distance of d from both sheets. The net force on the charge is $\frac{\mathrm{Q}^{2}}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}} \frac{\mathrm{~K}}{\mathrm{~d}^{2}}$, where K is given by
(A) 0
(B) $-\frac{1}{4} \hat{\mathrm{i}}-\frac{1}{4} \hat{\mathrm{j}}$
(C) $\quad-\frac{1}{8} \hat{\mathrm{i}}-\frac{1}{8} \hat{\mathrm{j}}$
(D) $\frac{1-2 \sqrt{2}}{8 \sqrt{2}} \hat{\mathrm{i}}+\frac{1-2 \sqrt{2}}{8 \sqrt{2}} \hat{\mathrm{j}}$


Answer: (D)
30. The volume enclosed by the surface $f(x, y)=e^{x}$ over the triangle bounded by the line $x=y ; x=0 ; y=1$ in the $x y$ plane is $\qquad$ _.

Answer: (0.72)
31. For the system governed by the set of equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{dx}_{1} / \mathrm{dt}=2 \mathrm{x}_{1}+\mathrm{x}_{2}+\mathrm{u} \\
& \mathrm{dx}_{2} / \mathrm{dt}=-2 \mathrm{x}_{1}+\mathrm{u} \\
& \mathrm{y}=3 \mathrm{x}_{1}
\end{aligned}
$$

the transfer function $\mathrm{Y}(\mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{U}(\mathrm{s})$ is given by
(A) $3(\mathrm{~s}+1) /\left(\mathrm{s}^{2}-2 \mathrm{~s}+2\right)$
(B) $\quad 3(2 \mathrm{~s}+1)\left(\mathrm{s}^{2}-2 \mathrm{~s}+1\right)$
(C) $(\mathrm{s}+1) /\left(\mathrm{s}^{2}-2 \mathrm{~s}+1\right)$
(D) $3(2 s+1)\left(s^{2}-2 s+2\right)$

## Answer: (A)

[^11]32. For linear time invariant systems, that are Bounded input Bounded Output stable which of the following statement is TRUE?
(A) The impulse response will be integrable but may not be absolutely integrable
(B) The unit impulse response will have finite support
(C) The unit step response will be absolutely integrable
(D) The unit step response will be bounded

Answer: (D)
33. In the following sequential circuit, the initial state (before the first clock pulse) of the circuit is $\mathrm{Q}_{1} \mathrm{Q}_{0}=0$. The state $\left(\mathrm{Q}_{1} \mathrm{Q}_{0}\right)$, immediately after the $333^{\text {rd }}$ clock pulse is

(A) 00
(B) 01
(C) 10
(D) 11

Answer: (B)

34. A three-phase, $11 \mathrm{kV}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ pole, star connected, cylindrical rotor synchronous motor is connected to an $11 \mathrm{kV}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ source. Its synchronous reactance is $50 \Omega$ per phase, and its stator resistance is negligible. The motor has a constant field excitation. At a particular load torque, its stator current is 100 A at unity power factor. If the load torque is increased so that the stator current is 120 A , then the load angle (in degrees) at this load is $\qquad$ .

Answer: (-47.27)

[^12]35. Two coins $R$ and $S$ are tossed. The 4 joint events $H_{R} H_{S}, T_{R} T_{S}, H_{R} T_{S}, T_{R} H_{S}$ have proba-bilities $0.28,0.18$, $0.30,0.24$, respectively, where H represents head and T represents tail. Which one of the following is TRUE?
(A) The coin tosses are independent
(B) R is fair, S is not.
(C) S is fair, R is not
(D) The coin tosses are dependent

## Answer: (D)

36. A composite conductor consists of three conductors of radius R each. The conductors are arranged as shown below.


The geometric mean radius (GMR) (in cm ) of the composite conductor is kR . The value of k is
$\qquad$ -.

Answer: (1.914)
37. The $z$-transform of a sequence $x[n]$ is given as $X(z)=2 z+4-4 / z+3 / z^{2}$. If $y[n]$ is the first difference $\mathrm{x}[\mathrm{n}]$, then $\mathrm{Y}[\mathrm{z}]$ is given by
(A) $2 z+2-8 / z+7 / z^{2}-3 / z^{3}$
(B) $-2 \mathrm{z}+2-6 / \mathrm{z}+1 / \mathrm{z}^{2}-3 / \mathrm{z}^{3}$
(C) $-2 z-2+8 / z-7 / z^{2}+3 / z^{3}$
(D) $4 z-2-8 / z-1 / z^{2}+3 / z^{3}$

## Answer: (A)

[^13]38. An open loop transfer function $\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{s})$ of a system is
$\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{s})=\frac{\mathrm{k}}{\mathrm{s}(\mathrm{s}+1)(\mathrm{s}+2)}$
For a unity feedback system, the breakaway point of the root locus on the real axis occurs at,
(A) $\quad-0.42$
(B) -1.58
(C) -0.42 and -1.58
(D) None of the above

Answer: (A)
39. In the given rectifier, the delay angle of the thyristor $T_{1}$ measured from the positive going zero crossing of $V_{s}$ is $30^{\circ}$.


If the input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}$ is $100 \sin (100 \pi \mathrm{t}) \mathrm{V}$, the average voltage across R (in Volt) under steady-state is
$\qquad$ .

Answer: (61.52)


## -------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

40. Two identical coils each having inductance L are placed together on the same core. If an overall inductance of $\alpha \mathrm{L}$ is obtained by interconnecting these two coils, the minimum value of $\alpha \mathrm{L}$ is obtained by interconnecting these two coils, the minimum value of $\alpha$ is $\qquad$ .

Answer: (0)

[^14]41. In the given network $\mathrm{V}_{1}=100 \angle 0^{\circ} \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{V}_{2}=100 \angle-120^{\circ} \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{V}_{3}=100 \angle+120^{\circ} \mathrm{V}$.

The phasor current $i$ (in Ampere) is

(A) $173.2 \angle-60^{\circ}$
(B) $173.2 \angle 120^{\circ}$
(C) $100.0 \angle-60^{\circ}$
(D) $100.0 \angle 120^{\circ}$

Answer: (*)
42. A differential equation $\frac{\mathrm{di}}{\mathrm{dt}}-0.2 \mathrm{i}=0$ is applicable over $-10<\mathrm{t}<10$. If $\mathrm{i}(4)=10$, then $i(-5)$ is $\qquad$ .

Answer:
(1.65)
43. A 3-phase transformer rated for $33 \mathrm{kV} / 11 \mathrm{kV}$ is connected in delta/star as shown in figure.


The current transformers (CTs) on low and high voltage sides have a ratio of 500/5. Find the currents $i_{1}$ and $i_{2}$, if the fault current is 300A as shown in figure.
(A) $\mathrm{i}_{1}=1 / \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{i}_{2}=0 \mathrm{~A}$
(B) $\mathrm{i}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{i}_{2}=0 \mathrm{~A}$
(C) $\mathrm{i}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{i}_{2}=1 / \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~A}$
(D) $\mathrm{i}_{1}=1 / \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{i}_{2}=1 / \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~A}$

## Answer: (A)

[^15]44. A Boolean function $f(A, B, C, D)=\Pi(1,5,12,15)$ is to be implemented using an $8 \times 1$ multiplexer ( A is MSB). The inputs $A B C$ are connected to the select input $S_{2} S_{1} S_{0}$ of the multiplexer respectively.


Which one of the following option gives the correct inputs to pins $0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7$ in order?
(A)
D, 0, D, 0, 0, $\overline{\mathrm{D}}, \mathrm{D}$
(B) $\overline{\mathrm{D}}, 1, \overline{\mathrm{D}}, 1,1,1, \mathrm{D}, \overline{\mathrm{D}}$
(C)
D, 1, D, 1, 1, 1, $\overline{\mathrm{D}}, \mathrm{D}$
(D) $\overline{\mathrm{D}}, 0, \overline{\mathrm{D}}, 0,0,0, \mathrm{D}, \overline{\mathrm{D}}$

## Answer: (B)

45. The incremental costs (in Rupees/MWh) of operating two generating units are functions of their respective powers $P_{1}$ and $P_{2}$ in MW, and are given by

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\mathrm{dC}_{1}}{\mathrm{dP}_{1}}=0.2 \mathrm{P}_{1}+50 \\
& \frac{\mathrm{dC}_{2}}{\mathrm{dP}_{2}}=0.24 \mathrm{P}_{2}+40
\end{aligned}
$$

Where

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \mathrm{MW} \leq \mathrm{P}_{1} \leq 150 \mathrm{MW} \\
& 20 \mathrm{MW} \leq \mathrm{P}_{2} \leq 150 \mathrm{MW}
\end{aligned}
$$

For a certain load demand, $\mathrm{P}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{P}_{2}$ have been chosen such that $\mathrm{dC}_{1} / \mathrm{dP}_{1}=76 \mathrm{Rs} / \mathrm{MWh}$
and $\mathrm{dC}_{2} / \mathrm{dP}_{2}=68.8 \mathrm{Rs} / \mathrm{MWh}$. If the generations are rescheduled to minimize the total cost, then $\mathrm{P}_{2}$ is
$\qquad$ .

Answer: (136.36)

[^16]46. The unit step response of a system with the transfer function $G(s)=\frac{1-2 s}{1+s}$ is given by which one of the following waveforms?
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)


Answer: (A)
47. A symmetrical square wave of $50 \%$ duty cycle has amplitude of $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ and time period of $0.4 \pi \mathrm{~m}$.sec. This square wave is applied across series RLC circuit with $\mathrm{R}=5 \Omega, \mathrm{~L}=10 \mathrm{mH}$, and $\mathrm{C}=4 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.


The amplitude of the $5000 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$ component of the capacitor voltage (in volt) is $\qquad$ .

## Answer: (238.73)

48. For the switching converter shown in the following figure, assume steady-state operation.


Also assume that the components are ideal, the inductor current is always positive and continuous and switching period is $T_{S}$. If the voltage $V_{L}$ is as shown, the duty cycle of the switch $S$ is $\qquad$ -.

Answer: (0.75)

[^17]49. With an armature voltage of 100 V and rated field winding voltage, the speed of a separately excited DC motor driving a fan is 1000 rpm , and its armature current is 10 A . The armature resistance is $1 \Omega$. The load torque of the fan load is proportional to the square of the rotor speed. Neglecting rotational losses, the value of the armature voltage (in Volt) which will reduce the rotor speed to 500 rpm is $\qquad$ .

Answer: (47.5)
50. The saturation voltage of the ideal op-amp shown below is $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$.

The output voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}$ of the following circuit in the steady-state is
(A) Square wave of period 0.55 ms
(B) Triangular wave of period 0.55 ms
(C) Square wave of period 0.25 ms
(D) Triangular wave of period 0.25 ms

Answer: (A)
51. A three-winding transformer is connected to an AC voltage source as shown in the figure. The numbers of turns are as follows: $\mathrm{N}_{1}=100, \mathrm{~N}_{2}=50, \mathrm{~N}_{3}=50$. If the magnetizing current is neglected, and the currents in two windings are $\overline{\mathrm{I}}_{2}=2 \angle 30^{\circ} \mathrm{A}$ and $\overline{\mathrm{I}}_{3}=2 \angle 150^{\circ} \mathrm{A}$, then what is the value of the current $\overline{\mathrm{I}}_{1}$ in Ampere?

(A) $1 \angle 90^{\circ}$
(B) $1 \angle 270^{\circ}$
(C) $4 \angle 90^{\circ}$
(D) $4 \angle 270^{\circ}$

Answer: (A)

[^18]52. The coils of a wattmeter have resistances $0.01 \Omega$ and $1000 \Omega$ their inductances may be neglected.


The wattmeter is connected as shown in the figure, to measure the power consumed by a load, which draws 25 A at power factor 0.8 . The voltage across the load terminals is 30 V . The percentage error on the wattmeter reading is $\qquad$ -

Answer:
(0.15)
53. Consider a signal defined by $x(t)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}e^{j 10 t} & \text { for }|t| \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text { for }|t|>1\end{array}\right.$

Its Fourier Transform is
(A) $\frac{2 \sin (\omega-10)}{\omega-10}$
(B) $2 \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{j} 10} \frac{\sin (\omega-10)}{\omega-10}$
(C) $\frac{2 \sin \omega}{\omega-10}$
(D) $\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{j} 10 \omega} \frac{2 \sin \omega}{\omega}$

Answer: (A)
54. A buck converter feeding a variable resistive load is shown in the figure. The switching frequency of the switch S is 100 kHz and the duty ratio is 0.6 .


[^19]The output voltage $\mathrm{V}_{0}$ is 36 V . Assume that all the components are ideal, and that the output voltage is ripple-free. The value of R (in Ohm ) that will make the inductor current ( $\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) just continuous is $\qquad$ .

Answer: (2500)
55. The following discrete-time equations result from the numerical integration of the differential equations of an un-damped simple harmonic oscillator with state variables $x$ and $y$. The integration time step is $h$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x_{\mathrm{k}+1}-\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{k}}}{\mathrm{~h}}=\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{k}} \\
& \frac{\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{k}+1}-\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{k}}}{\mathrm{~h}}=-\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{k}}
\end{aligned}
$$

For this discrete-time system, which one of the following statements is TRUE?
(A) The system is not stable for $\mathrm{h}>0$
(C) The system is stable for $0<\mathrm{h}<\frac{1}{2 \pi}$
(B) The system is stable for $\mathrm{h}>\frac{1}{\pi}$
(D) The system is stable for $\frac{1}{2 \pi}<\mathrm{h}<\frac{1}{\pi}$

## Answer: (A)



[^20]

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