

GENERAL APTITUDE**Q. 1- Q.5 Carry one mark each**

1. The chairman requested the aggrieved shareholders to _____ him.
(A) bare with (B) bore with (C) bear with (D) bare

Answer: (C)

2. Identify the correct spelling out of the given options:
(A) Managable (B) Manageable (C) Mangaible (D) Managible

Answer: (B)

3. Pick the odd one out in the following:
13, 23, 33, 43, 53
(A) 23 (B) 33 (C) 43 (D) 53

Answer: (B)

4. R2D2 is a robot. R2D2 can repair aeroplanes. No other robot can repair aeroplanes.
Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above statements?
(A) R2D2 is a robot which can only repair aeroplanes
(B) R2D2 is the only robot which can repair aeroplanes
(C) R2D2 is a robot which can repair only aeroplanes
(D) Only R2D2 is a robot

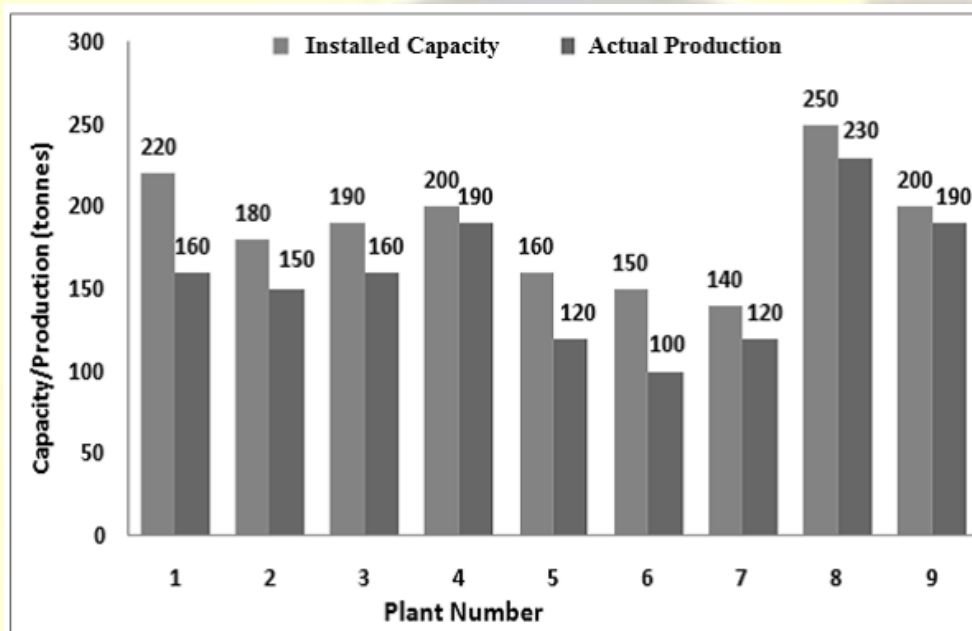
Answer: (B)

5. If $|9y - 6| = 3$, then $y^2 - 4y/3$ is _____.
(A) 0 (B) +1/3 (C) -1/3 (D) undefined

Answer: (C)

Q. 6- Q. 10 carry two marks each.

6. The following graph represents the installed capacity for cement production (in tonnes) and the actual production (in tonnes) of nine cement plants of a cement company. Capacity utilization of a plant is defined as ratio of actual production of cement to installed capacity. A plant with installed capacity of at least 200 tonnes is called a large plant and a plant with lesser capacity is called a small plant. The difference between total production of large plants and small plants, in tonnes is ____.



Answer: (120)

7. A poll of students appearing for masters in engineering indicated that 60 % of the students believed that mechanical engineering is a profession unsuitable for women. A research study on women with masters or higher degrees in mechanical engineering found that 99 % of such women were successful in their professions.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above paragraph?

- (A) Many students have misconceptions regarding various engineering disciplines.
- (B) Men with advanced degrees in mechanical engineering believe women are well suited to be mechanical engineers.
- (C) Mechanical engineering is a profession well suited for women with masters or higher degrees in mechanical engineering.
- (D) The number of women pursuing higher degrees in mechanical engineering is small.

Answer: (C)

8. Sourya committee had proposed the establishment of Sourya Institutes of Technology (SITs) in line with Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs) to cater to the technological and industrial needs of a developing country.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above sentence?

Based on the proposal,

- (i) In the initial years, SIT students will get degrees from IIT.
 - (ii) SITs will have a distinct national objective.
 - (iii) SIT like institutions can only be established in consultation with IIT.
 - (iv) SITs will serve technological needs of a developing country.
- (A) (iii) and (iv) only (B) (i) and (iv) only
(C) (ii) and (iv) only (D) (ii) and (iii) only

Answer: (C)

9. Shaquille O' Neal is a 60% career free throw shooter, meaning that he successfully makes 60 free throws out of 100 attempts on average. What is the probability that he will successfully make exactly 6 free throws in 10 attempts?

- (A) 0.2508 (B) 0.2816 (C) 0.2934 (D) 0.6000

Answer: (A)

10. The numeral in the units position of $211^{870} + 146^{127} \times 3^{424}$ is _____.

Answer: (7)

TEXTILE ENGINEERING**Q. 1- Q.25 Carry one mark each**

1. The following partial differential equation $U_{xx} + U_{yy} = 0$ is of the type

- (A) Elliptic (B) Parabolic (C) Hyperbolic (D) Mixed type

Answer: (A)

2. Which of the following is a multi-step numerical method for solving the ordinary differential equation?

- (A) Euler method (B) Improved Euler method
(C) Runge-Kutta method (D) Adams-Multon method

Answer: (D)

3. Let X be a normally distributed random variable with mean 2 and variance 4. Then, the mean of $\frac{x-2}{2}$ is equal to _____.

Answer: (-0.01 to 0.01)

4. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. The determinant of A^{-1} is equal to

- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{4}{3}$ (C) $\frac{3}{4}$ (D) 2

Answer: (B)

5. Which of the following amino acids is responsible for relatively higher wet strength in wool fiber?

- (A) Threonine (B) Serine (C) Cystine (D) Tryosine

Answer: (C)

6. Which one of the following stereo structures of polypropylene is (are) used for commercial fibre manufacture?

- (A) Atactic (B) Syndiotactic
(C) Isotactic & Syndiotactic (D) Isotactic

Answer: (D)

7. Acrylic fibre has high glass transition temperature ($T_g \approx 100^\circ\text{C}$) primarily due to

- (A) Presence of polar side groups (B) Presence of bulky side groups
(C) High crystallinity (D) Main chain stiffness

Answer: (A)

8. In which of the following polymerization methods the rate of reaction is very high and leads to uncontrolled polymerization?

- (A) Solution polymerization (B) Suspension polymerization
(C) Bulk polymerization (D) Emulsion polymerization

Answer: (C)

9. Which of the following textile strands is the finest?

- (A) 30s Ne (B) 30 denier (C) 30 tex (D) 30s Nm

Answer: (B)

10. In a carding machine, in which of the following zones the fibre alignment is negatively affected to the maximum extent?

- (A) Cylinder to flats carding region (B) Licker-in to cylinder transfer region
(C) Cylinder to doffer transfer region (D) Doffer to calendar roller region

Answer: (C)

11. Which of the following is the correct sequence of events which happen in a roller drafting zone?

- (A) Fibre elongation-fibre decrimping- fibre sliding
- (B) Fibre sliding-fibre elongation-fibre decrimping
- (C) Fibre decrimping- fibre sliding- fibre elongation
- (D) Fibre decrimping- fibre elongation- fibre sliding

Answer: (D)

12. In which region of ring spinning, Coriolis force acts?

- (A) Lappet to ring cop
- (B) Delivery pair of drafting rollers to lappet
- (C) Back pair of drafting rollers to delivery pair of drafting rollers
- (D) Feed bobbin to back pair of drafting rollers

Answer: (A)

13. Which of the following shuttleless weaving systems can offer maximum fabric width?

- (A) Air jet
- (B) Water jet
- (C) Projectile
- (D) Rapier

Answer: (C)

14. The filling yarn density at selvage is doubled in case of

- (A) Fringe selvage
- (B) Tucked-in selvage
- (C) Shuttle selvage
- (D) Leno selvage

Answer: (B)

15. Which of the following shedding mechanisms provides control of individual warp thread during weaving?

- (A) Crank
- (B) Tappet
- (C) Dobby
- (D) Jacquard

Answer: (D)

16. The time required (minutes) to wind 10 kg of 40 tex yarn when the winding machine works at 1000 m/min with an efficiency of 90% is _____

Answer: (275 to 280)

17. The test statistic to be used for carrying out a test of hypothesis on the mean of a normal distribution with unknown variance is

(A) Z (B) T (C) χ^2 (D) F

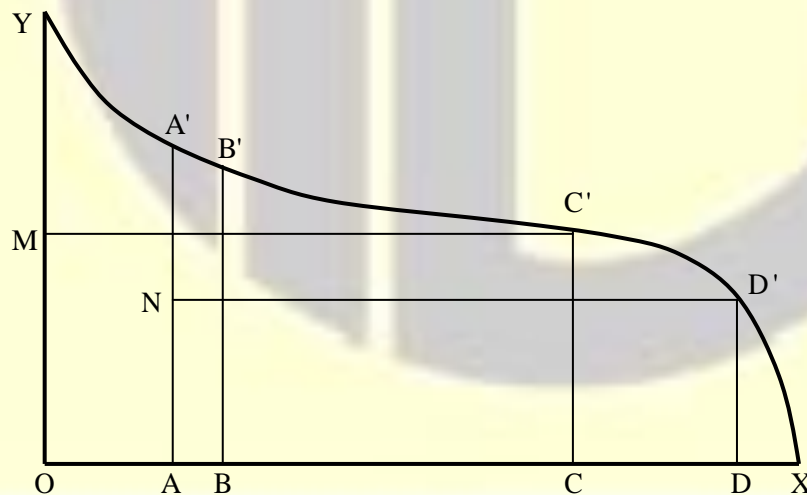
Answer: (B)

18. If the length of a confidence interval on the mean of a normal distribution with known variance is to be halved, the sample size must

(A) increase by 2 times (B) decrease by 2 times
(C) increase by 4 times (D) decrease by 4 times

Answer: (C)

19. A comb sorter diagram of cotton fibres is shown below:



where $OM=0.5 OY$, $OA=0.25 OC$, $AN=0.5 AA'$, and $OB=0.25 OD$. The effective length is

(A) AA' (B) BB' (C) CC' (D) DD'

Answer: (B)

20. A fabric specimen of original length 75 mm is stretched to a length of 120 mm and after removal of the load the length reduces to 95 mm. The elastic recovery (%) of the fabric specimen is _____

Answer: (55 to 56)

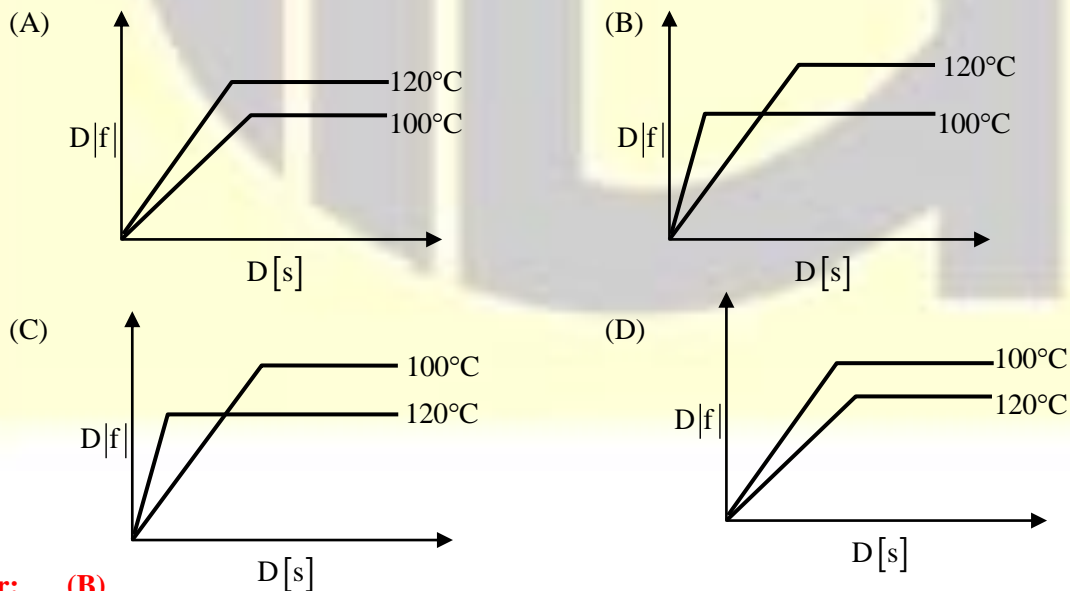
21. A sector-shaped, falling-pendulum type apparatus is suitable for measurement of
 (A) Elmendorf tear strength (B) Tongue tear strength
 (C) Trapezoidal tear strength (D) All of them

Answer: (A)

22. Sodium persulphate is used in
 (A) Bleaching (B) Scouring
 (C) Mercerization (D) Desizing

Answer: (B)

23. Polyester is dyed with a disperse dye at 100 °C and 120°C till equilibrium is achieved. If $D[f]$ and $D[s]$ represent the dye in fibre and dye in solution respectively, then the correct choice for the dyeing isotherms at the two temperature will be



Answer: (B)

24. A dye with dischargeability rating of 1 (one) WILL NOT be suitable for
- (A) Resist printing (B) Direct printing
(C) Discharge printing (D) Melt transfer printing

Answer: (C)

25. The enzyme used for biopolishing of cotton is
- (A) Cellulase (B) Pectinase
(C) Amylase (D) Lipase

Answer: (A)

Q. 26- Q.55 Carry one mark each

26. The eigen values and eigen vectors of $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$ are
- (A) ± 5 and $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ respectively (B) ± 3 and $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ respectively
(C) ± 4 and $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ respectively (D) ± 5 and $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ respectively

Answer: (A)

27. Let $f(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$. The value of $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2}$ is equal to _____.

Answer: (-0.01 to 0.01)

28. Let X be a continuous type random variable with probability density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} & ; -1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases} . \text{ When } P(x \leq x) = 0.75, \text{ the value of } x \text{ is equal to } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$

Answer: (1.99 to 2.01)

29. The integrating factor of $(2 \cos y + 4x^2)dx - x \sin y dy = 0$ is

- (A) $-x$ (B) x (C) x^2 (D) $-x^2$

Answer: (B)

30. The Fourier series of periodic function $f(x) = \begin{cases} -k & -\pi < x < 0 \\ k & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$ and $f(x + 2\pi) = f(x) = f(x)$ is given by $\frac{4k}{\pi} \left(\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \dots \right)$. Then, the value of $\frac{4}{\pi} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots \right)$ is equal to _____.

Answer: (0.99 to 1.01)

31. Match the fibers listed in Column A with the compounds used in its manufacture listed in Column B. Choose the right answer from options A, B, C and D.

| Column A | Column B |
|-------------------------------|--|
| P. Polypropylene | 1. Carbon disulfide |
| Q. Polyethylene Terephthalate | 2. Water |
| R. Nylon 6 | 3. Ziegler Natta catalyst |
| S. Viscose | 4. Antimony trioxide & Antimony triacetate |

- (A) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3 (B) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1
(C) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2 (D) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4

Answer: (B)

32. Consider the following assertion [a] and reason [r] and choose the correct alternative from amongst A, B, C and D.

- [a] Both polyester and nylon filaments can be drawn at room temperature to achieve higher strength, modulus and dimensional stability.
[r] T_g of both polyester and nylon can be lowered to room temperature on absorption of atmospheric moisture.

- (A) [a] is right and [r] is wrong (B) [a] is right and [r] is right
(C) [a] is wrong and [r] is wrong (D) [a] is wrong and [r] is right

Answer: (D)

33. Low pill PET fibres of a given denier can be produced by a combination of any two options listed below. Choose the right combination from A, B, C and D.

P. Lowering the IV (intrinsic viscosity) of the polymer

Q. Increasing the IV (intrinsic viscosity) of the polymer

R. Increasing the draw ratio

S. Decreasing the draw ratio

- (A) P,S (B) P,R (C) Q,S (D) Q,R

Answer: (A)

34. Which of the following combination of statements from options A, B, C and D is correct?

1. X-ray Diffraction gives information about crystallinity and crystal size in semicrystalline polymers.

2. Differential Scanning Calorimetry gives information about T_g , T_m and T_c as well as enthalpy of melting and crystallization.

3. In Scanning Electron Microscopy the sample has to be coated with silver to make it conducting.

4. Birefringence is a measure of molecular orientation in amorphous phase only.

- (A) 1, 2 and 3 are correct (B) 1, 3 and 4 are correct
(C) 2, 3 and 4 are correct (D) All are correct

Answer: (A)

35. Match the fibre in Column A with the spinning technique used to manufacture in Column B. Choose the correct alternative from options A, B, C and D.

| Column A | Column B |
|---|-------------------------|
| P. Rayon | 1. Dry-jet-wet spinning |
| Q. Aramid (Kevlar) | 2. Gel Spinning |
| R. Ultra High Molecular weight Polyethylene | 3. Melt spinning |
| S. Polyester | 4. Wet Spinning |

- (A) P-3,Q-1,R-2,S-4 (B) P-1,Q-3,R-4,S-2
(C) P-4,Q-2,R-1,S-3 (D) P-4,Q-1,R-2,S-3

Answer: (D)

36. If 50 bales of 5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{inch}$, 20 bales of 3.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{inch}$ and 40 bales of 3.0 $\mu\text{g}/\text{inch}$ cotton fibres are mixed, the resultant $\mu\text{g}/\text{inch}$ of the mixed cotton is _____

Answer: (3.7 to 3.85)

37. A rotor with 48 mm diameter running at 90,000 rpm is producing yarn at 140 m/min. The number of doublings of fibre layers in the rotor is _____

Answer: (96.85 to 97.05)

38. Consider the following assertion [a] and reason [r] and choose the correct alternative from amongst A, B, C and D.

[a] Compared to ring spun yarns, rotor spun yarns have better evenness for the same yarn count.

[r] Rotor spun yarns have more number of fibres in the yarn cross section compared to ring spun yarns of same count.

(A) [a] is right and [r] is wrong

(B) [a] is right and [r] is right

(C) [a] is wrong and [r] is wrong

(D) [a] is wrong and [r] is right

Answer: (A)

39. The final yarn count required from a ring frame is 36s Ne with 28 TPI. The twist contraction during spinning is 3%. If the feed roving count is 2s Ne, the mechanical draft required in the ring frame will be _____

Answer: (18.40 to 18.65)

40. The diameter (mm) of a cotton yarn of 50 tex count and 0.45 packing density, assuming cotton fibre density to be $1.54\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$, is _____

Answer: (0.29 to 0.31)

41. In needle punching process, higher punch density CAN NOT cause

(A) Lower web thickness

(B) Higher change of fabric dimensions

(C) Higher damage of fibres

(D) Higher permeability of fabric

Answer: (D)

42. Which of the following features IS NOT found in a crepe weave
- (A) Highly irregular surface-puckered in appearance
 - (B) Prominent twill effect on the fabric
 - (C) Minute spots or seeds spread over the fabric
 - (D) High twist yarn with controlled shrinkage

Answer: (B)

43. The crimp% of a square cloth in which thread spacing is equal to the yarn diameter and no jamming takes place, will be _____

Answer: (56 to 57)

44. A 38 cm diameter circular knitting machine accommodates 4 needles per cm. The stitch length is 6 mm and wale constant can be assumed to be 42.2. The flat fabric width (cm) in finished – relaxed form is _____

Answer: (67 to 68)

45. The least desired feature of fibre in wet laid nonwoven fabric is
- (A) High affinity for water
 - (B) Low aspect ratio
 - (C) High flexural rigidity
 - (D) Low crimpiness

Answer: (C)

46. The surface area per unit volume (mm^{-1}) of a circular polyester fibre of 1.5 denier fineness and $1.38\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$ density, ignoring the fibre ends, is _____.

Answer: (322 to 322)

47. The fibre packing density in a cotton bale of 170 kg weight and dimensions 1060 mm (L) \times 530 mm (W) \times 780 mm (H), assuming cotton fibre density to be $1.54\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$, is _____.

Answer: (0.24 to 2.6)

48. A cotton yarn with 5% breaking elongation needs to be tested for breaking strength in a tensile tester at 500 mm gauge length. The clamp speed (mm/min) required to break the specimen in 20 s is _____.

Answer: (74.90 to 75.10)

49. The rotational speed of a card cylinder with locally damaged card clothing is 400 rpm and the sliver delivery rate is 100 m/min. The wavelength (m) of the periodic mass variation in the card sliver is _____.

Answer: (0.24 to 0.26)

50. The flexural rigidity, expressed in 10^{-4} mg.cm, of a fabric test specimen of 100 g/m^2 areal density and 0.40 mm length of overhang determined using a cantilever test with a standard angle of deflection of 41.5° , is _____.

Answer: (0.79 to 0.85)

51. The volume strength of 1 molar H_2O_2 solution will be _____.

Answer: (11.00 to 11.40)

52. Consider the following assertion [a] and reason [r] and choose the correct alternative from amongst A, B, C and D.

[a] In dyeing of polyester with disperse dyes, it is easier to obtain dark shades with solvent dyeing method than with aqueous dyeing method.

[r] The partition coefficient ($D[f]/D[s]$) of disperse dyes is much lower in aqueous medium than in asolvent.

(A) [a] is right and [r] is wrong

(B) [a] is right and [r] is right

(C) [a] is wrong and [r] is wrong

(D) [a] is wrong and [r] is right

Answer: (C)

53. A reactive dye is applied on cotton fabric by continuous method. The achieved shade on fabric is 2% on the weight of fabric. The dyebath concentration is 25 gram per litre and the % expression after padding is 100. The specific gravity of the solution is 1. The fixation % of the dye on the fabric is _____

Answer: (79.9 to 80.1)

54. Consider the following assertion [a] and reason [r] and choose the correct alternative from amongst A, B, C and D.

[a] In resin finishing of cellulosic textiles, usually the curing stage is carried out in hot dry air and not in steam.

[r] The acid catalyst used in resin formulation is activated in hot air only.

- (A) [a] is right and [r] is wrong (B) [a] is right and [r] is right
(C) [a] is wrong and [r] is wrong (D) [a] is wrong and [r] is right

Answer: (A)

55. Match the printing processes in Column A with print paste components in Column B. Choose the correct alternative from options A, B, C and D.

| Column A | Column B |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| P. Pigment printing | 1. Disperse dye |
| Q. Discharge printing | 2. Binder |
| R. Resist printing | 3. High solids content thickener |
| S. Sublimation transfer printing | 4. Sodium formaldehyde sulphonylate |

- (A) P-2,Q-3,R-4,S-1 (B) P-2,Q-4,R-3,S-1
(C) P-2,Q-4,R-1,S-3 (D) P-1,Q-4,R-3,S-2

Answer: (B)