

GENERAL APTITUDE

Q. No. 1 – 5 Carry One Mark Each

1	• A	An ap	n apple costs Rs. 10. An onion costs Rs. 8.										
	S	Select the most suitable sentence with respect to grammar and usage.											
	(1	(A) The price of an apple is greater than an onion.											
	(]	(B) The price of an apple is more than onion.											
	(((C) The price of an apple is greater than that of an onion.											
	(1	D)	Apples are costlier	than	onions								
A	nswei	r:	(C)										
2	. т	he l	Buddha said, "Hold	ding	on to a	inger is li	ke grasp	ing a ho	ot coal with	the	intent	of throwing	g it at
	S	ome	one else; you are the	e one	who ge	ets burnt."							
	Select the word below which is closest in meaning to the word underlined above.												
	(1	A)	burning	(B)	igniti	ng	(C)	clutchi	ng	(D)	fling	ing	
A	nswei	r:	(C)										
3	. N	A has	s a son Q and a dau	ghter	R. He	has no oth	er childre	en. E is tl	he mother o	of P ar	nd dau	ghter-in-law	of M.
	Н	low	is P related to M?										
	(1	A)	P is the son-in-law	of M	Í.		(B)	P is the	grandchild	of M			
	(0	C)	P is the daughter-i	n law	of M.		(D)	P is the	grandfathe	r of M	1.		
A	nswei	r :	(B)	١.									
4	. Т	The n	umber that least fits	s this	set: (32	4, 441, 97	and 64)	is	•				
	(1	A)	324	(B)	441		(C)	97		(D)	64		
A	nswei	r :	(C, D)										

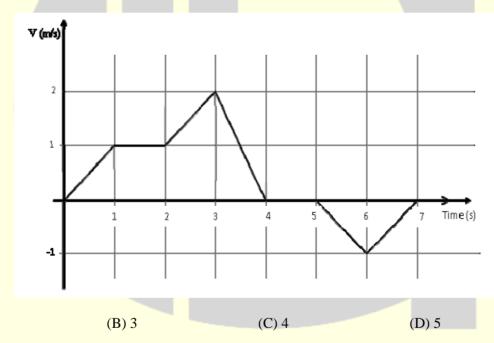


- 5. It takes 10 s and 15 s, respectively, for two trains travelling at different constant speeds to completely pass a telegraph post. The length of the first train is 120 m and that of the second train is 150 m. The magnitude of the difference in the speeds of the two trains (in m/s) is ______.
 - (A) 2.0
- (B) 10.0
- (C) 12.0
- (D) 22.0

Answer: (A)

Q. No. 6 – 10 Carry Two Marks Each

6. The velocity V of a vehicle along a straight line is measured in m/s and plotted as shown with respect to time in seconds. At the end of the 7 seconds, how much will the odometer reading increase by (in m)?



Answer:

(A) 0

(D)

7. The overwhelming number of people infected with rabies in India has been flagged by the World Health Organization as a source of concern. It is estimated that inoculating 70% of pets and stray dogs against rabies can lead to a significant reduction in the number of people infected with rabies.

Which of the following can be logically inferred from the above sentences?





(A)	TP11	- C	1	T., 11.	1		1. 1 1 .	1. 1 . 1.
(A)	The number	or peor	ne in	India	intected	l With i	abies is	nign.

- (B) The number of people in other parts of the world who are infected with rabies is low.
- (C) Rabies can be eradicated in India by vaccinating 70% of stray dogs
- (D) Stray dogs are the main sources of rabies worldwide.

Answer: (A)

8. A flat is shared by four first year undergraduate students. They agreed to allow the oldest of them to enjoy some extra space in the flat. Manu is two months older than Sravan, who is three months younger than Trideep. Pavan is one month older than Sravan. Who should occupy the extra space in the flat?

(A) Manu

(B) Sravan

(C) Trideep

(D) Pavan

Answer: (C)

9. Find the area bounded by the lines 3x+2y=14, 2x-3y=5 in the first quadrant.

(A) 14.95

(B) 15.25

(C) 15.70

(D) 20.35

Answer: (D)

10. A straight line is fit to a data set $(\ln x, y)$. This line intercepts the abscissa at $\ln x = 0.1$ and has a slope of -0.02. What is the value of y at x = 5 from the fit?

(A) -0.030

(B) -0.014

(C) 0.014

(D) 0.030

Answer: (A)



INSTRUMENTATION ENGINEERING

Q. No. 1 – 25 Carry One Mark Each

1.	A straight line of the f	form $y = mx + c$	c passes throu	gh the origin	and the point	(x, y) = (2, 6)	. The value
	of m is						

Answer: (3)

 $\lim_{n\to\infty} \left(\sqrt{n^2 + n} - \sqrt{n^2 + 1} \right)$ is _____.

Answer: (0.5)

A voltage V₁ is measured 100 times and its average and standard deviation are 100 V and 1.5 V **3.** respectively. A second voltage V2, which is independent of V1, is measured 200 times and its average and standard deviation are 150 V and 2 V respectively. V3 is computed as: $V_3 = V_1 + V_2$. Then the standard deviation of V₃ in **volt** is ______.

Answer: (2.5)

- The vector that is **NOT** perpendicular to the vectors (i + j + k) and (i + 2j + 3k) is _____
- (A) (i-2j+k) (B) (-i+2j-k) (C) (0i+0j+0k) (D) (4i+3j+5k)

Answer: (D)

5. In the neighborhood of z = 1, the function f(z) has a power series expansion of the form f(z) = 1 + (1-z) + (1-z) $z)^{2}+.....$

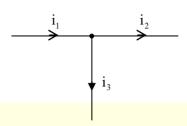
Then f(z) is

- (B) $\frac{-1}{z-2}$ (C) $\frac{z-1}{z+1}$ (D) $\frac{1}{2z-1}$

Answer: (A)



Three currents i1, i2 and i3 meet at a node as shown in the figure below.



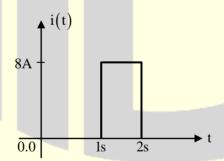
If $i_1 = 3\cos(\omega t)$ ampere, $i_2 = 4\sin(\omega t)$ ampere and $i_3 = I_3\cos(\omega t + \theta)$ ampere, the value of I_3 in **ampere** is _______.

Answer: (5)

An air cored coil has a Q of 5 at a frequency of 100 kHz. The Q of the coil at 20 kHz (neglecting skin 7.

Answer: (1)

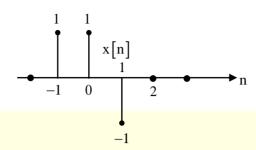
A current i(t) shown in the figure below is passed through a 1 F capacitor that had zero initial charge. 8. The voltage across the capacitor for t > 2 s in **volt** is ______.



Answer:

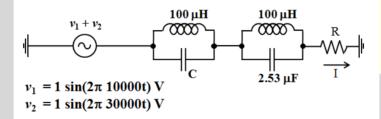


9. The signal x[n] shown in the figure below is convolved with itself to get y[n]. The value of y[-1] is ______.



Answer: (2)

10. In the circuit shown below $(v_1 + v_2) = [1\sin(2\pi 10000t) + 1\sin(2\pi 30000t)]V$. The RMS value of the current through the resistor R will be minimum if the value of the capacitor C in **microfarad** is



Answer: (0.280-0.283)

11. If X(s), the Laplace transform of signal x(t) is given by $X(s) = \frac{(s+2)}{(s+1)(s+3)}$, then the value of x(t) as $t \to \infty$ is _____.

Answer: (0)

12. The number of times the Nyquist plot of $G(s) = \frac{s-1}{s+1}$ will encircle the origin clockwise is _____.

Answer: (1)



- 13. The value of $a\theta$ which will ensure that the polynomial $s^3 + 3s^2 + 2s + a\theta$ has roots on the left half of the s-plane is
 - (A) 11
- (B)

- (C) 7
- (D) 5

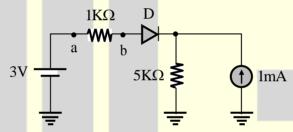
Answer: (D)

14. The input $i(t) = 2\sin(3t + \pi)$ is applied to a system whose transfer function $G(s) = \frac{8}{(s+10)^2}$.

The amplitude of the output of the system is _____.

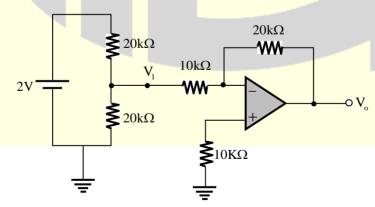
Answer: (0.1467)

15. The diode D used in the circuit below is ideal. The voltage drop V_{ab} across the $1k\Omega$ resistor in volt is



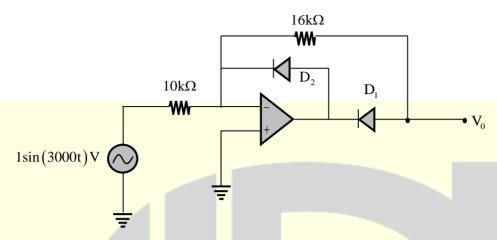
Answer: (0)

16. In the circuit given below, the op-amp is ideal. The output voltage V_O in **volt** is _____



Answer: (-1)

In the circuit given below, the diodes D₁ and D₂ have a forward voltage drop of 0.6 V.



The op-amp used is ideal. The magnitude of the negative peak value of the output $V_{\rm O}$ in volt is

Answer: (1.6)

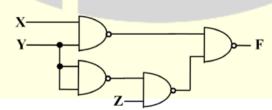
- The Boolean expression XY + (X' + Y')Z is equivalent to **18.**
 - XYZ'+X'Y'Z(A)

X'Y'Z'+XYZ(B)

(C) (X+Z)(Y+Z) (D) (X'+Y)(Y'+Z)

Answer: **(C)**

In the digital circuit given below, F is **19.**



(A)
$$XY + Y\overline{Z}$$

(B)
$$XY + \overline{Y}Z$$

$$XY + Y\overline{Z}$$
 (B) $XY + \overline{Y}Z$ (C) $\overline{X}\overline{Y} + Y\overline{Z}$ (D) $XZ + \overline{Y}$

(D)
$$XZ + \overline{Y}$$

Answer: (B)

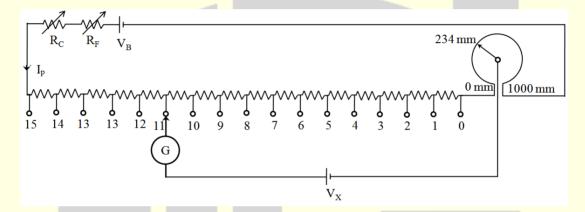


20. A 3 ½ digit DMM has an accuracy specification of $\pm 1\%$ of full scale (accuracy class 1). A reading of 100.0 mA is obtained on its 200 mA full scale range. The worst case error in the reading in **milliampere** is \pm

Answer: (2)

Answer: (2)

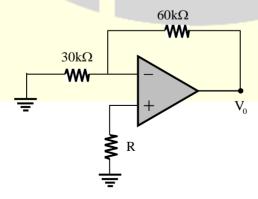
21. A dc potentiometer, shown in figure below, is made by connecting fifteen 10Ω resistors and a 10Ω slide wire of length 1000 mm in series. The potentiometer is standardized with the current $I_p = 10.0000$ mA.

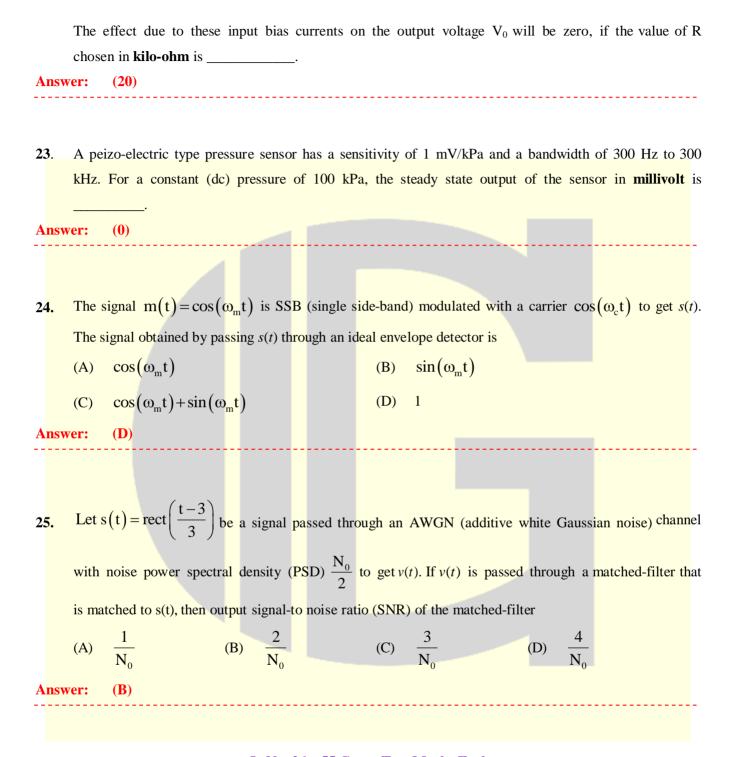


Balance for an unknown voltage is obtained when the dial is in position 11 (11 numbers of the fixed 10Ω resistor are included) and the slide wire is on the 234th mm position. The unknown voltage (up to four decimal places) in **volt** is _____.

Answer: (1.1234)

22. In the circuit given below, each input terminal of the op-amp draws a bias current of 10 nA.





Q. No. 26 – 55 Carry Two Marks Each

26. Let $f:[-1,1] \to \mathbb{R}$, where $f(x) = 2x^3 - x^4 - 10$. The minimum value of f(x) is _____. **Answer:** (-13)



- An urn contains 5 red and 7 green balls. A ball is drawn at random and its colour is noted. The ball is placed back into the urn along with another ball of the same colour. The probability of getting a red ball in the next draw is
- (B) $\frac{67}{156}$ (C) $\frac{79}{156}$

Answer: (A)

Consider the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & -1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$

whose eigen values are 1, -1 and 3. Then Trace of $(A^3 - 3A^2)$ is _____.

29. The relationship between the force f(t) and the displacement x(t) of a spring-mass system (with a mass M, viscous damping D and spring constant K) is

$$M\frac{d^{2}x(t)}{dt^{2}}+D\frac{dx(t)}{dt}+Kx(t)=f(t).$$

- X(s) and F(s) are the Laplace transforms of x(t) and f(t) respectively. With $M=0.1,\,D=2,\,K=10$ in appropriate units, the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{X(s)}{F(s)}$ is
- (A) $\frac{10}{s^2 + 20s + 100}$

(B) $s^2 + 20s + 100$

(C) $\frac{10s^2}{s^2 + 20s + 100}$

(D) $\frac{s}{s^2 + 20s + 100}$

Answer:

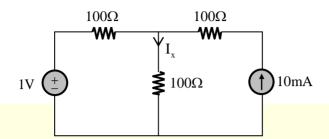
The value of the integral $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{z^2+1}{z^2-1} dz$ where z is a complex number and C is a unit circle with center at

1+0j in the complex plane is _____.

Answer: (1)

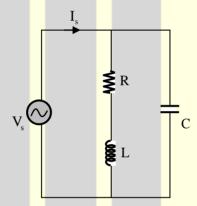


31. The current IX in the circuit given below in **milliampere** is ______.



Answer: (10)

32. In the circuit shown below, $V_S = 101 \angle 0V$, $R = 10\Omega$ and $\omega L = 100\Omega$.



The current Is is in phase with Vs. The magnitude of Is in **milliampere** is _____

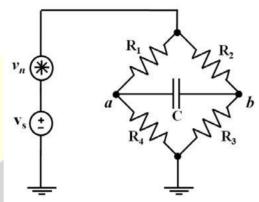
Answer: (100)

33. A symmetrical three-phase three-wire RYB system is connected to a balanced delta-connected load. The RMS values of the line current and line-to-line voltage are 10 A and 400 V respectively. The power in the system is measured using the two wattmeter method. The first wattmeter connected between R-line and Y-line reads zero. The reading of the second wattmeter (connected between B- line and Y-line) in watt is ______.

Answer: (346.1)



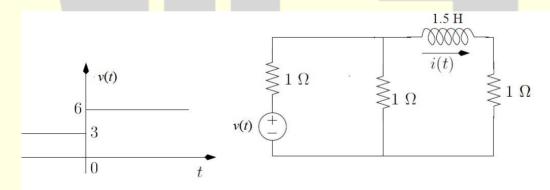
34. In the strain gauge bridge circuit given below, $R_1 = R_3 = R(1-x)$ and $R_2 = R_4 = R(1+x)$, where **R** is 350 Ω . The voltage sources \mathbf{v}_S and \mathbf{v}_n represent the dc excitation and the undesired noise/interference, respectively.



The value of capacitor C in **microfarad** that is required to ensure that the output across a and b is low-pass filtered with a cutoff frequency of 150 Hz is ______.

Answer: (3)

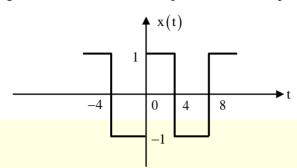
35. The voltage v(t) shown below is applied to the given circuit. v(t) = 3V for t < 0 and v(t) = 6V for t > 0.



The value of current i(t) at t = 1s, in **ampere** is _____.

Answer: (1.632)

For the periodic signal x(t) shown below with period T = 8s, the power in the 10^{th} harmonic is **36.**



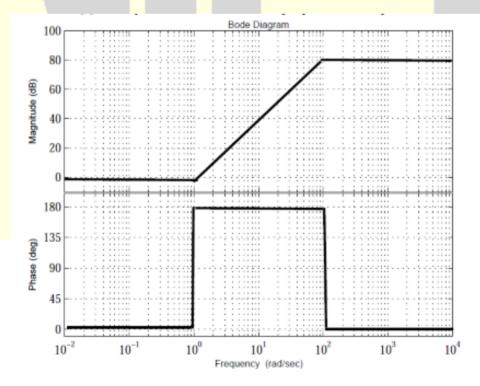
- (B) $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{10\pi}\right)^2$ (C) $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4}{10\pi}\right)^2$ (D) $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{4}{5\pi}\right)$

Answer: (A)

The fundamental period N_0 of the discrete-time sinusoid $x[n] = \sin\left(\frac{301}{4}\pi n\right)$ is ______.

(B) Answer:

38. The transfer function G(s) of a system which has the asymptotic Bode plot shown below is



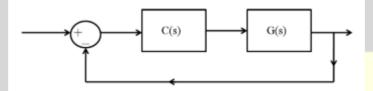
(A)
$$10^4 \frac{(s-1)^2}{(s+100)^2}$$

(B)
$$10^4 \frac{(s+1)^2}{(s+100)^2}$$

(C)
$$10^4 \frac{(s+1)}{(s+100)^2}$$

(D)
$$10^4 \frac{(s-1)^2}{(s-100)^2}$$

For the feedback system given below, the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2}$. The system **CANNOT** be stabilized with



(A)
$$C(s)=1+\frac{3}{s}$$

(C) $C(s)=3+\frac{9}{s}$

(B)
$$C(s) = 3 + \frac{7}{s}$$

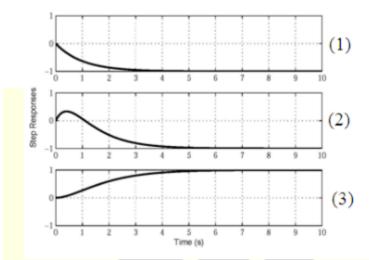
(C)
$$C(s) = 3 + \frac{9}{s}$$

(D)
$$C(s) = \frac{1}{s}$$

Answer:



40. Match the unit-step responses (1), (2) and (3) with the transfer functions P(s), Q(s) and R(s), given below.



$$P(s) = \frac{-1}{(s+1)}$$

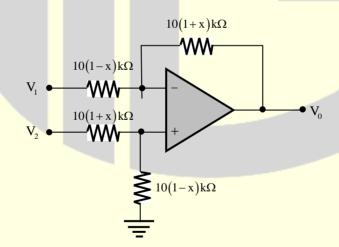
$$Q(s) = \frac{2(s-1)}{(s+10)(s+2)}$$

$$R(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)^2}$$

- (A) P(S)-(3), Q(S)-(2), R(S)-(1)
- (B) P(S)-(1), Q(S)-(2), R(S)-(3)
- (C) P(S)-(2), Q(S)-(1), R(S)-(3)
- (D) P(S)-(1), Q(S)-(3), R(S)-(2)

Answer: (*)

41. An ideal op-amp is used to realize a difference amplifier circuit given below having a gain of 10.

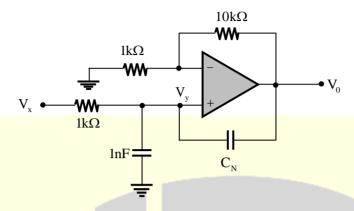


If x = 0.025, the CMRR of the circuit in **dB** is _____.

Answer: (40.66)



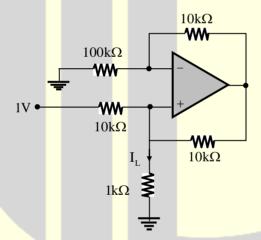
42. In the circuit given below, the op-amp is ideal.



The input V_X is a sinusoid. To ensure $V_Y = V_X$, the value of C_N in **picofarad** is ______

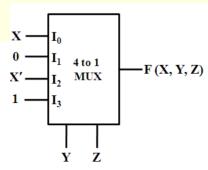
Answer: (100)

43. In the circuit given below, the op-amp is ideal. The value of current I_L in **microampere** is ______.



Answer: (100)

44. A 4 to 1 multiplexer to realize a Boolean function F (X, Y, Z) is shown in the figure below.



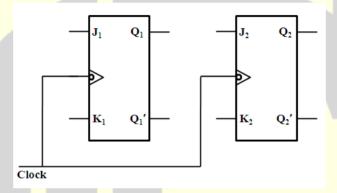


The inputs Y and Z are connected to the selectors of the MUX (Y is more significant). The canonical sum-of-product expression for F (X, Y, Z) is

(A) $\Sigma m(2,3,4,7)$ (B) $\Sigma m(1,3,5,7)$ (C) $\Sigma m(0,2,4,6)$ (D) $\Sigma m(2,3,5,6)$

(A) Answer:

A synchronous counter using two J-K flip flops that goes through the sequence of states: **45.** $Q_1Q_2 = 00 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 01 \rightarrow 11 \rightarrow 00...$ is required. To achieve this, the inputs to the flip flops are

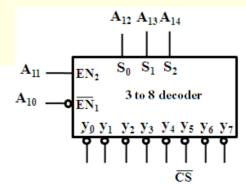


(A) $J_1 = Q_2, K_1 = 0; J_2 = Q_1', K_2 = Q_1$ (B) $J_1 = 1, K_1 = 1; J_2 = Q_1, K_2 = Q_1$

(C) $J_1 = Q_2, K_1 = Q_2'; J_2 = 1', K_2 = 1$ (D) $J_1 = Q_2', K_1 = Q_2; J_2 = Q_1, K_2 = Q_1'$

Answer: **(B)**

46. A 1 Kbyte memory module has to be interfaced with an 8-bit microprocessor that has 16 address lines. The address lines A₀ to A₉ of the processor are connected to the corresponding address lines of the memory module.



The active low chip select CS of the memory module is connected to the y5 output of a 3 to 8 decoder with active low outputs. So, S1, and S2 are the input lines to the decoder, with S2 as the MSB. The decoder has one active low EN₁ and one active high EN₂ enable lines as shown below. The address range(s) that gets mapped onto this memory module is (are)

- (A) 3000_H to $33FF_H$ and $E000_H$ to $E3FF_H$
- (B) $1400_{\rm H}$ to $17FF_{\rm H}$
- (C)
- 5300_{H} to $53FF_{H}$ and $A300_{H}$ to $A3FF_{H}$ (D) 5800_{H} to $5BFF_{H}$ and $D800_{H}$ to $DBFF_{H}$

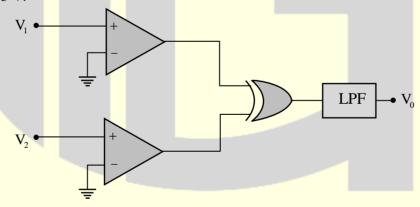
Answer:

A coil is tested with a series type Q-meter. Resonance at a particular frequency is obtained with a 47. capacitance of 110 pF. When the frequency is doubled, the capacitance required for resonance is 20 pF. The distributed capacitance of the coil in **pico farad** is _____.

Answer:

(10)

48. The comparators (output = '1', when input ≥ 0 and output = '0', when input < 0), exclusive-OR gate and the unity gain low-pass filter given in the circuit are ideal. The logic output voltages of the exclusive-OR gate are 0 V and 5 V.



The cutoff frequency of the low-pass filter is 0.1 Hz. For $V_1 = 1\sin(3000t + 36^\circ)V$ and $V_2 = 1\sin(3000t + 36^\circ)V$ (3000t) V, the value of V_O in **volt** is _____.

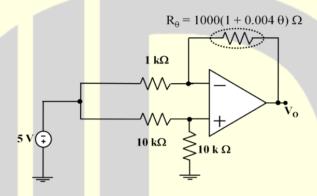
Answer: (1)



49. A 200mV full scale dual-slope 3 ½ digit DMM has a reference voltage of 100 mV and a first integration time of 100 ms. For an input of $\left[100+10\cos\left(100\pi t\right)\right]$ mV, the conversion time (without taking the auto-zero phase time into consideration) in **millisecond** is _____.

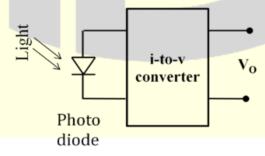
Answer: (200)

50. In the circuit below, the op-amp is ideal and the sensor is an RTD whose resistance $R_{\theta} = 1000(1+0.004\theta)\Omega$, where θ is temperature in °C. The output sensitivity in **mV**/°C is _____.



Answer: (10)

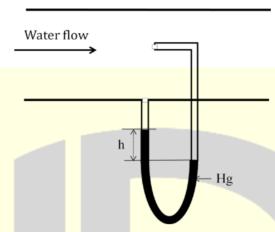
51. The photo diode in the figure below has an active sensing area of 10 mm^2 , a sensitivity of 0.5 A/W and a dark current of $1\mu\text{A}$. The i-to-v converter has a sensitivity of $100 \text{ mV/}\mu\text{A}$. For an input light intensity of 4 W/m^2 , the output VO in **volt** is.



Answer: (± 2)



52. The velocity of flow of water (density 1000 kg/m³) in a horizontal pipe is measured using the Pitot tube shown below. The fluid in the U-tube manometer is mercury with a density of 13534 kg/m³.



Assume $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$. If the height difference (h) is measured as 94.1 mm, the velocity of flow of water in **m/s** is _____.

Answer: (4.8-5.2)

53. The band gap in eV of a semiconductor material required to construct an LED that emits peak power at the wavelength of 620 nm is _____.

(Plank constant $h = 4.13567 \times 10^{-15} \, eV \, s$ and speed of light $c = 2.998 \times 10^8 \, m/s$).

Answer: (2)

54. The signal $m(t) = \frac{\sin(100 \pi t)}{100 \pi t}$ is frequency modulated (FM) with an FM modulator of frequency deviation constant of 30 kHz/V. Using Carson's rule, the approximate bandwidth of the modulated wave in **kilohertz** is ______.

Answer: (60.1)

55. A signal m(t) varies from -3.5V to + 3.5 V with an average power of 3 W. The signal is quantized using a midtread type quantizer and subsequently binary encoded. With the codeword of length 3, the signal to quantization noise ratio in $d\mathbf{B}$ is ______.

Answer: (15.56)