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## **GENERAL APTITUDE**

### Q. No. 1 – 5 Carry One Mark Each

1.	If IM	HO = JNIP; IDK=J	EL; ar	and $SO = TP$ , then $I$	IDC=	·		
	(A)	JDE	(B)	JDC	(C)	JCD	(D)	JED
Answ	er:	<b>(D)</b>				Click here to	watch	the video explanation
2.	Once	the team of analyst	s iden	tify the problem, v	we	in a better position	on to c	omment on the issue.
	Whic	h one of the follow:	ing ch	oices CANNOT fi	ll the giv	ven blank?		
	(A)	might be	(B)	were to be	(C)	are going to be	(D)	will be
Answ	er:	<b>(B)</b>				Click here to	watch	the video explanation
3.			Ĭ		. Z is eq	ual to 4 and P is eq	ual to	the average of X and Y.
	What	is the minimum po	ssible	value of P?				
	(A)	7	(B)	6	(C)	9.5	(D)	8
Answ	/er:	(A)				Click here to	watch	the video explanation
4.	A fin	al examination is th	e	_ of a series of ev	aluation	s that a student has	to go	through.
	(A) i	nsinuation	(B)	culmination	(C)	desperation	(D)	consultation
Answ	er:	<b>(B)</b>				Click here to	watch	the video explanation
5.	Are t	here enough seats h	ere? T	here are pe	ople her	e than I expected.		
	(B)	least	(C)	many	(A)	most	(D)	more
Answ	er:	<b>(D)</b>				Click here to	watch	the video explanation



### Q. No. 6 - 10 Carry Two Marks Each

6. X is an online media provider. By offering unlimited and exclusive online content at attractive prices for a loyalty membership, X is almost forcing its customers towards its loyalty membership. If its loyalty membership continues to grow at its current rate, within the next eight years more households will be watching X than cable television.

Which one of the following statements can be inferred from the above paragraph?

- (A) The X is cancelling accounts of non-members
- (B) Non-members prefer to watch cable television
- (C) Most households that subscribe to X's loyalty membership discontinue watching cable television
- (D) Cable television operators don't subscribe to X's loyalty membership

A		/	
An	swei	": (	$(\mathbf{C})$

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- 7. Two pipes P and Q can fill a tank in 6 hours and 9 hours respectively, while a third pipe R can empty the tank in 12 hours. Initially, P and R are open for 4 hours. Then P is closed and Q is opened. After 6 more hours R is closed. The total time taken to fill the tank (in hours) is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) 16.50
- (B) 14.50
- (C) 13.50
- (D) 15.50

Answer: (B)

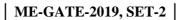
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8. Mola is a digital platform for taxis in a city. It offers three types of rides – Pool, Mini and Prime. The table below presents the number of rides for the past four months. The platform earns one US dollar per ride. What is the percentage share of revenue contributed by Prime to the total revenues of Mola, for the entire duration?

	Month								
Type	January	February	March	April					
Pool	170	320	215	190					
Mini	110	220	180	70					
Prime	75	180	120	90					

- (A) 16.24
- (B) 23.97
- (C) 25.86
- (D) 38.74

Answer: (B)



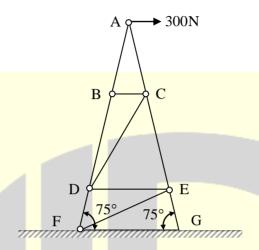
Fiscal deficit was 4% of the GDP in 2015 and that increased to 5% in 2016. If the GDP increased by 10%



	from	2015 to 2016, the	e percent	age increase in	the actual	fiscal deficit	is	
	(A)	37.50	(B)	25.00	(C)	35.70	(D)	10.00
Ans	wer:	(A)				Click h	ere to watch	the video explanation
10.		_		-		-	_	es from the students that
			•					hattan penthouses with
		tries the confiden				_		s in the once-colonised
	The	writer of this pass	age is su	rprised by the	creative wri	ting assignm	nents of his st	udents because
	(A)	None of the stud						
	(B)	Some of the stu				•		
	(C)	Some of the stu						
	(D)	None of the stud	aents nac			-		
Ans	wer:	(A)				Click h	ere to watch	the video explanation
				<b>MECHANIC</b>	CAL ENGI	<u>NEERING</u>		
				Q. No. 1 – 25	Carry One	Mark Each	<u>.</u>	
1.	If v i	s the mean of dat	a 3 × 2 ·	and 4 then the	mode is			
						~u		
Ans	wer:	(3)				Click h	ere to watch	the video explanation
2.	The	cold forming pro	cess in w	hich a hardene	ed tool is n	essed agains	st a workniece	e (when there is relative
-		0.1			•		•	regular pattern is
					-	_		Strip rolling
	(A)	Chamfering	(B)	Roll forming	(C)	Knurling	(D)	
Ans	wer:	(C)				Click h	ere to watch	the video explanation



3. The figure shows an idealized plane truss. If a horizontal force of 300N is applied at point A, then the magnitude of the force produced in member CD is \_\_\_\_\_N.



Answer: (0)

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4. The fluidity of molten metal of cast alloys (without any addition of fluxes) increases with increase in

(A) viscosity

(B) degree of superheat

(C) surface tension

(D) freezing range

Answer: (B)

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5. Consider a linear elastic rectangular thin sheet of metal, subjected to uniform uniaxial tensile stress of 100 MPa along the length direction. Assume plane stress condition in the plane normal to the thickness. The Young's modulus E = 200 MPa and Poisson's ratio v = 0.3 are given. The principal strains in the plane of the sheet are

(A) (0.35, -0.15)

(B) (0.5, -0.5)

(C) (0.5, 0.0)

(D) (0.5, -0.15)

**Answer:** 

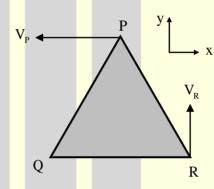
**(D)** 

6			state of stress at a point in a component is represented by a Mohr's circle of radius 100 MPa centered									
				MPa on the normal stress axis. On a plane passing through the same point, the normal stress is 260. The magnitude of the shear stress on the same plane at the same point is MPa.								
A	nsw	er:	(80)			_	Click here t	to watch th	e video explanatio	n 		
7.		A w	ire of circular cros	s-section of o	diameter	1.0 mm	is bent into a o	circular are	of radius 1.0 m	by		
		appli	cation of pure bending moments at its ends. The Young's modulus of the material of the wire is 100									
			The maximum tens		-							
<b>A</b> -	nsw	e <b>r:</b> 	(50)				Click here t	to watch the	e video explanatio	n 		
8		A tw	o-dimensional inco	mpressible fric	ctionless 1	flow field	d is given by $\vec{u} =$	xî – yĵ. If p	is the density of t	he		
		fluid,	, the expression for	pressure gradi	ent vector	at any p	oint in the flow f	ield is giver	ı as			
		(A)	$\rho(x\hat{i}-y\hat{j})$	(B) $-\rho(x^2)$	$2\hat{i} + y^2\hat{j}$	(C)	$\rho(x\hat{i} + y\hat{j})$	(D) -	$\rho\left(x\hat{i}+y\hat{j}\right)$			
A	nsw	er:	(D)				Click here t	to watch th	e video explanatio	n		
9.		One-	dimensional steady	state heat co	onduction	takes p	lace through a s	solid whose	cross-sectional ar	ea		
		varie	s linearly in the dir	ection of hear	t transfer.	Assume	e there is no hear	t generation	in the solid and t	he		
		thern	nal conductivity of t	he material is	constant a	and inde	pendent of temper	rature.				
		The t	emperature distribu	tion in the soli	id is							
		(A)	Logarithmic	(B) Quadra		(C)	Linear		xponential			
<b>A</b>	nsw	e <b>r:</b>	(A)				Click here t	to watch th	e video explanatio	n 		
1	0.	Endu	rance limit of a bear	m subjected to	pure ben	iding dec	reases with					
		(A)	decrease in the sur	face roughnes	ss and inci	rease in t	he size of the bea	am				
		(B)	increase in the sur	face roughnes	s and deci	rease in t	he size of the bea	am				
		(C)	increase in the sur	face roughnes	s and incr	ease in t	he size of the bea	m				
		(D)	decrease in the sur	face roughnes	ss and dec	rease in	the size of the bea	am				
A	nsw	er:	(C)				Click here t	to watch th	e video explanatio	n		

- 11. Which one of the following modifications of the simple ideal Rankine cycle increases the thermal efficiency and reduces the moisture content of the steam at the turbine outlet?
  - (A) Decreasing the condenser pressure
- (B) Increasing the boiler pressure
- (C) Decreasing the boiler pressure
- (D) Increasing the turbine inlet temperature

**Answer: (D)**  Click here to watch the video explanation

12. A rigid triangular body, PQR, with sides of equal length of 1 unit moves on a flat plane. At the instant shown, edge QR is parallel to the x-axis, and the body moves such that velocities of points P and R are  $V_{\rm p}$  and  $V_{\rm R_{\star}}$  in the x and y directions, respectively. The magnitude of the angular velocity of the body is



- (A)  $V_R/\sqrt{3}$
- (B)
- $2V_{\rm p}$ (C)
- (D)  $2V_{\rm p}$

Answer:

**(D)** 

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- For a simple compressible system, v, s, p and T are specific volume, specific entropy, pressure and 13. temperature, respectively. As per Maxwell's relation,  $\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial s}\right)$  is equal to
- (B)  $-\left(\frac{\partial \Gamma}{\partial p}\right)_{z}$  (C)  $\left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial \Gamma}\right)_{p}$  (D)  $\left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial v}\right)_{z}$

**Answer: (A)** 

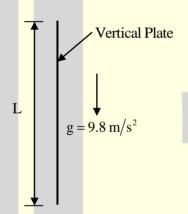
14.	4. The most common limit gage used for inspecting the hole diameter is								
	(A)	Snap gage	(B)	Plug gage	(C)	Ring gage	(D)	Master gag	e
Ans	wer:	<b>(B)</b>				Click he	re to watch	the video ex	xplanation
15.	Tho	directional deri	vetive of t	ha function f	$(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{v}) - \mathbf{v}^2$	$+ v^2$ along a	lina diracta	d from (0, 0	)) to (1 1)
15.		ated at the poin			(x,y)-x	Ty along a	mic uncete	u mom (o, c	,, 10 (1, 1),
		-	•		(G)	2 5	<b>(D)</b>	<i>[</i> 5	
	(A)	4√2 (C)	(B)	<b>√</b> 2	(C)	2√2	(D)	<b>√</b> 2	
Ans	swer:	(C)	<u> </u>			Click he	re to watch	the video ex	<b>xplanation</b>
16.	Wate	r enters a circ	ular pipe o	of length L =	5.0 m and	d diameter D	0 = 0.20  m	with Reyno	lds number
	$\mathrm{Re}_{\mathrm{D}}$	= 500. The velo	ocity profil	e at the inlet of	of the pipe	is uniform v	while it is pa	arabolic at th	ne exit. The
	Reyn	olds number at	the exit of	the pipe is	<u> </u>				
Ans	wer:	(500)				Click he	re to watch	the video ex	<mark>xplanation</mark>
17.	In ma	atrix equation [A	$A]\{X\} = \{I$	₹},					
		[4 8 4]	(2)	(32					
	[A]=	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 8 & 4 \\ 8 & 16 & -4 \\ 4 & -4 & 15 \end{bmatrix},$	$\{X\} = \{1\}$	and $\{R\} = \begin{cases} 16 \end{cases}$	<b>}</b> .				
		[4 -4 15]	[4]	(64	J				
	One	of the eigenvalu	es of matri	x [A] is					
	(A)	8	(B)	16	(C)	15	(D)	4	
Ans	wer:	( <b>B</b> )				Click he	re to watch	the video ex	xplanation
18.	-	re 1 with a dian	neter of 0.1	m is complete	ly enclosed	l by another s	phere 2 of d	iameter 0.4 r	n. The view
	facto	$F_{12}$ is							
	(A)	0.0625	(B)	0.5	(C)	1.0	(D)	0.25	
Ans	wer:	<b>(C)</b>				Click he	re to watch	the video ex	xplanation

In an electrical discharge machining process, the breakdown voltage across inter electrode gap (IEG) **19.** is 200V and the capacitance of the RC circuit is 50µF. The energy (in J) released per spark across the IEG

Answer: (1)

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20. A thin vertical flat plate of height L, and infinite width perpendicular to the plane of the figure, is losing heat to the surroundings by natural convection. The temperature of the plate and the surroundings, and the properties of the surrounding fluid, are constant. The relationship between the average Nusselt and Rayleigh numbers is given as  $Nu = KRa^{1/4}$ , where K is a constant. The length scales for Nusselt and Rayleigh numbers are the height of the plate. The height of the plate is increased to 16L keeping all other factors constant



If the average heat transfer coefficient for the first plate is  $h_1$  and that for the second plate is  $h_2$ , the value of the ratio  $h_1/h_2$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**(2)** Answer:

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- A spur gear has pitch circle diameter D and number of teeth T. The circular pitch of the gear is
  - (A)
- (B)  $\frac{2\pi D}{T}$  (C)  $\frac{\pi D}{T}$

Answer:  $(\mathbf{C})$ 

- 22. An analytic function f(z) of complex variable z = x + iy may be written as f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y). Then u(x, y) and v(x, y) must satisfy
  - (A)  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{v}} \text{ and } \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}$

(B)  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{v}}$  and  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}$ 

- (C)  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{y}} \text{ and } \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{y}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}$
- (D)  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{v}} \text{ and } \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v}} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}$

Answer:

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- 23. Hardenability of steel is a measure of
  - the ability to retain its hardness when it is heated to elevated temperatures (A)
  - (B) the ability to harden when it is cold worked
  - (C) the depth to which required hardening is obtained when it is austenitized and then
  - (D) the maximum hardness that can be obtained when it is austenitized and then quenched

Answer: **(C)**  Click here to watch the video explanation

- The transformation matrix for mirroring a point in x-y plane about the line y = x is given by

  - (A)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  (B)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  (C)  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  (D)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

Answer: (A)

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differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 5$  is valid in the domain  $0 \le x \le 1$  with y(0) = 2.25.

The solution of the differential equation is

(A)  $y = e^{-4x} + 1.25$ 

(B)  $y = e^{4x} + 1.25$ 

(C)  $y = e^{-4x} + 5$ 

(D)  $y = e^{4x} + 5$ 

Answer: (A)





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#### Q. No. 26 – 55 Carry Two Marks Each

26. In an orthogonal machining with a single point cutting tool of rake angle 10°, the uncut chip thickness and the chip thickness are 0.125 mm and 0.22 mm, respectively. Using Merchant's first solution for the condition of minimum cutting force, the coefficient of friction at the chip-tool interface is \_\_\_\_\_ (round off to two decimal places).

**Answer:** (0.74)

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- 27. Given a vector  $\vec{\mathbf{u}} = \frac{1}{3} \left( -y^3 \hat{\mathbf{i}} + x^3 \hat{\mathbf{j}} + z^3 \hat{\mathbf{k}} \right)$  and  $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$  as the unit normal vector to the surface of the hemisphere  $\left( x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1; z \ge 0 \right)$ , the value of integral  $\int (\nabla \times \vec{\mathbf{u}}) . \hat{\mathbf{n}}$  ds evaluated on the curved surface of thehemisphere S is
  - (A)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (B)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- (C) π
- (D)  $-\frac{\pi}{2}$

Answer: (A)

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28. The derivative of  $f(x) = \cos(x)$  can be estimated using the approximation  $f'(x) = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x-h)}{2h}$ .

The percentage error is calculated as  $\left(\frac{\text{Exact value} - \text{Aprroximate value}}{\text{Exact value}}\right) \times 100$ . The percentage error in the derivative of

f(x)at  $x = \pi/6$  radian, choosing h = 0.1 radian, is

(A) >5%

(B) > 0.1% and <1%

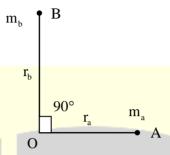
(C) <0.1%

(D) >1 % and <5%

Answer: (B)



29. Two masses A and B having mass  $m_a$  and  $m_b$ , respectively, lying in the plane of the figure shown, are rigidly attached to a shaft which revolves about an axis through O perpendicular to the plane of the figure.



The radii of rotation of the masses  $m_a$  and  $m_b$  are  $r_a$  and  $r_b$ , respectively. The angle between lines OA and OB is 90°. If  $m_a = 10$  kg,  $m_b = 20$  kg  $r_a = 200$  mm and  $r_b = 400$ mm, then the balance mass to be placed at a radius of 200 mm is \_\_\_\_\_ kg (round off to two decimal places)

**Answer:** (41.231)

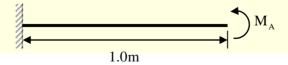
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30. A through hole is drilled in an aluminum alloy plate of 15 mm thickness with a drill bit of diameter 10 mm, at a feed of 0.25 mm/rev and a spindle speed of 1200 rpm. If the specific energy required for cutting this material is 0.7 N-m/mm<sup>3</sup>, the power required for drilling is \_\_\_\_\_\_ W. (round off to two decimal places).

Answer: (274.889)

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31. A horizontal cantilever beam of circular cross-section, length 1.0 m and flexural rigidity  $EI = 200 \text{ N} - \text{m}^2$  is subjected to an applied moment  $M_A = 1.0 \text{ N}$ -m at the free end as shown in the figure.

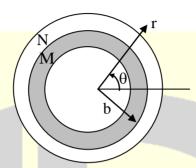


The magnitude of the vertical deflection of the free end is \_\_\_\_ mm (round off to one decimal place)

**Answer:** (2.5)



32. Consider two concentric circular cylinders of different materials M and N in contact with each other at r = b, as shown below. The interface at r = b is frictionless. The composite cylinder system is subjected to internal pressure P. Let  $\left(u_r^M, u_\theta^M\right)$  and  $\left(\sigma_{rr}^M, \sigma_{\theta\theta}^M\right)$  denote the radial and tangential displacement and stress components, respectively, in material M.



Similarly  $\left(u_r^N,u_\theta^N\right)$  and  $\left(\sigma_r^N,\sigma_{\theta\theta}^N\right)$  denote the radial and tangential displacement and stress components, respectively, in material N. The boundary condition that need to be satisfied at the frictionless interface between the two cylinders are:

(A) 
$$u_r^M = u_r^N$$
 and  $\sigma_{rr}^M = \sigma_{rr}^N$  and  $u_{\theta}^M = u_{\theta}^N$  and  $\sigma_{\theta\theta}^M = \sigma_{\theta\theta}^N$ 

(B) 
$$u_{\theta}^{M} = u_{\theta}^{N} \text{ and } \sigma_{\theta\theta}^{m} = \sigma_{\theta\theta}^{N} \text{ only}$$

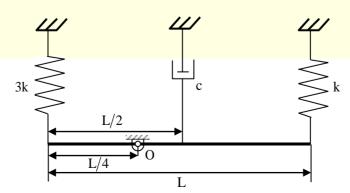
(C) 
$$\sigma_{rr}^{M} = \sigma_{rr}^{N}$$
 and  $\sigma_{\theta\theta}^{M} = \sigma_{\theta\theta}^{N}$  only

(D) 
$$u_r^M = u_r^N$$
 and  $\sigma_{rr}^M = \sigma_{rr}^N$  only

Answer: (D)

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33. A slender uniform rigid bar of mass m is hinged at O and supported by two springs, with stiffnesses 3k and k, and a damper with damping coefficient c, as shown in the figure.



**Answer:** 

(943.60)

	For	he system to	be critically	damped,	the ratio	c / √km	should be					
	(A)	$4\sqrt{7}$	(B)	4		(C)	$2\sqrt{7}$		(D)	2		
Ansv	ver:	( <b>A</b> )					Click	here to	watch	the vi	deo exp	planation
34.	1000	kPa. For a	Otto cycle hair, assume sp	ecific hea	t ratioγ	=1.4 an	d specific	gas cons	tant R	= 0.28	87 kJ/k	g.K. If the
	then	the specific	net work out	put of the	cycle is _	kJ/k	g (round o	ff to two	decim	al plac	es).	
Ansv	ver:	(708.6)					Click	here to	watch	the vi	deo exp	planation
35.	rpm.	The entry	trifugal pumpof the liquid losses are bound off to tw	into the	pump is	axial a	nd exit fro	om the p	oump i	is radia	al with	respect to
Ansv	ver:	(8.1057)					Click	here to	watch	the vi	deo exp	planation
36.	with poss	a stationary	kg moving ball of mass) of m is/are	s m. After	the imp	act is o	ver, the kin	netic ene	rgy of	the 3	kg ball	_
	(A)	6 kg only	(B)	1kg, 9 k	cg	(C)	1 kg, 6 kg		(D)	1 kg		
Ansv	ver: 	(B)					Click	there to	watch	the vi	deo exp	planation 
37.	valv	es per order.	and of valve The holding	cost is R	s. 24 per	valve p	er year and	d the orde	ering c	cost is l	Rs. 400	per order.

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inventory per year will be Rs\_\_\_\_ (round of to two decimal places).



38. Water flowing at the rate of 1 kg/s through a system is heated using an electric heater such that the specific enthalpy of the water increases by 2.50 kJ/kg and the specific entropy increases by 0.007 kJ/kg K. The power input to the electric heater is 2.50 kW. There is no other work or heat interaction between the system and the surroundings, Assuming an ambient temperature of 300 K, the irreversibility rate of the system is \_\_\_\_\_kW (round off to two decimal places).

Answer:	(2.1)	Click here to watch the video explanation

39. The activities of a project, their duration and the precedence relationship are given in the table. For example, in a precedence relationship "X <Y, Z" means that X is predecessor of activities Y and Z. The time to complete the activities along the critical path is \_\_\_\_\_\_weeks,

Activity	Duration (weeks)	Precedence Relationship
A	5	A <b, c,d<="" td=""></b,>
В	7	B <e,f,g< td=""></e,f,g<>
С	10	C <i< td=""></i<>
D	6	D < G
Е	3	E <h< td=""></h<>
F	9	F <i< td=""></i<>
G	7	G <i< td=""></i<>
Н	4	H <i< td=""></i<>
I	2	

(A)	$\sim$	
(A)	_	

(B) 23

(C) 17

(D) 25

Answer: (B)

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**40.** A differential equation is given as

$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 4.$$

The solution of the differential equation in terms of arbitrary constants  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  is

(A) 
$$y = C_1 x^2 + C_2 x + 4$$

(B) 
$$y = \frac{C_1}{x^2} + C_2 x + 4$$

(C) 
$$y = \frac{C_1}{x^2} + C_2 x + 2$$

(D) 
$$y = C_1 x^2 + C_2 x + 2$$

Answer: (D)

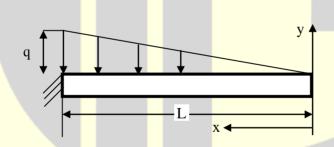
Click here to watch the video explanation

41. Water flows through two different pipes A and B of the same circular cross-section but at different flow rates. The length of pipe A is 1.0 m and that of pipe B is 2.0 m. The flow in both the pipes is laminar and fully developed. If the frictional head loss across the length of the pipes is same, the ratio of volume flow rate  $Q_B/Q_A$  is (round off to two decimal places).

**Answer:** (0.5)

Click here to watch the video explanation

42. A prismatic, straight, elastic, cantilever beam is subjected to a linearly distributed transverse load as shown below. If the beam length is L, Young's modulus E, and are moment of inertia I, the magnitude of the maximum deflection is



- (A)  $\frac{qL^4}{10EI}$
- (B)  $\frac{qL^4}{15E}$
- (C)  $\frac{qL^4}{60FI}$
- (D)  $\frac{qL^4}{30F}$

Answer: (D)



43. A four bar mechanism is shown in the figure. The link numbers are mentioned near the links, input link 2 is rotating anticlockwise with a constant angular speed  $\omega_2$ . Length of different links are:

$$O_2O_4 = O_2A = L,$$

$$AB = Q_4B = \sqrt{2}L$$

$$O_2O_4 = O_2A = L,$$

$$A = Q_4B = \sqrt{2}L$$

$$O_2O_4 = O_2A = L,$$

$$O_3O_4 = O_2A = L,$$

$$O_4O_4 = O_4A = L,$$

$$O_4O_4 = O$$

The magnitude of the angular speed of the output link 4 is  $\omega_4$  at the instant when link 2 makes an angle of  $90^{\circ}$  with  $O_2O_4$  as shown. The ratio  $\frac{\omega_4}{\omega_2}$  is \_\_\_\_\_(round off to two decimal places).

**Answer:** (0.788)

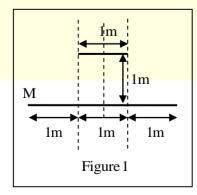
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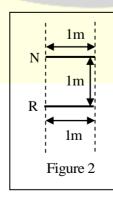
44. A gas tungsten are welding operation is performed using a current of 250 A and an arc voltage of 20 V at a welding speed of 5 mm/s. Assuming that the arc efficiency is 70%the net heat input per unit length of the weld will be\_\_\_\_\_\_ kJ/mm (round off to one decimal place).

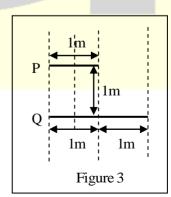
Answer: (0.7)

Click here to watch the video explanation

45. Three sets of parallel plate LM, NR and PQ are given in Figures 1, 2 and 3. The view factor  $F_{IJ}$  is defined as the fraction of radiation leaving plate I that is intercepted by plate J.





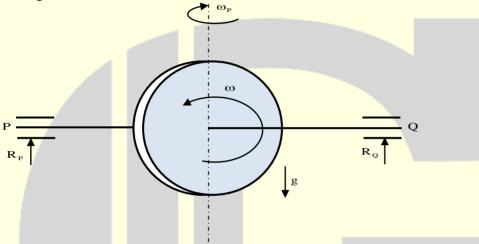


Assume that the values of  $F_{LM}$  and  $F_{NR}$  are 0.8 and 0.4 respectively. The value of  $F_{PQ}$  (round off to one decimal place) is\_\_\_\_\_.

**Answer:** (0.6)

Click here to watch the video explanation

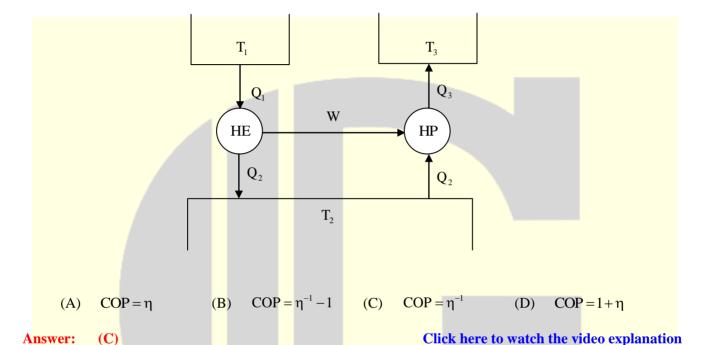
**46.** A uniform disc with radius r and a mass of m kg is mounted centrally on a horizontal axle of negligible mass and length of 1.5r.



The disc spins counter-clockwise about the axle with angular speed  $\omega$ , when viewed from the right-hand side bearing Q, a The axle processes about a vertical axis at  $\omega_p = \omega/10$  in the clockwise direction when viewed from above. Let  $R_p$  and  $R_Q$  (positive upwards) be the resultant reaction forces due to the mass and the gyroscopic effect, at bearings P and Q, respectively. Assuming  $\omega^2 r = 300 \text{m/s}^2$  and  $g = 10 \text{m/s}^2$ , the ratio of the larger to the smaller bearing reaction force (considering appropriate signs) is \_\_\_\_\_.

Answer: (-3)

47. The figure shows a heat engine (HE) working between two reservoirs. The amount of heat  $(Q_2)$  rejected by the heat engine is drawn by a heat pump (HP). The heat pump receives the entire work output (W) of the heat engine. If temperatures,  $T_1 > T_3 > T_2$ , then the relation between the efficiency  $(\eta)$  of the heat engine and the coefficient and the coefficient of performance (COP) of the heat pump is

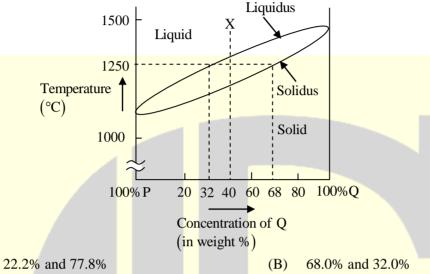


48. The aerodynamic drag on a sports car depends on its shape. The car has a drag coefficient of 0.1 with the windows and the roof closed. With the windows and the roof open, the drag coefficient becomes 0.8. The car travels at 44 km/h with the windows and roof closed. For the same amount of power needed to overcome the aerodynamic drag, the speed of the car with the windows and roof open (round off to two decimal places), is \_\_\_\_ km/h. (The density of air and the frontal area may be assumed to be constant.)

Answer: (22) Click here to watch the video explanation



**49.** The binary phase diagram of metals P and Q is shown in the figure. An alloy X containing 60% P and 40% Q (by weight) is cooled from liquid to solid state. The fractions of solid and liquid (in weight percent) at 1250°C, respectively, will be

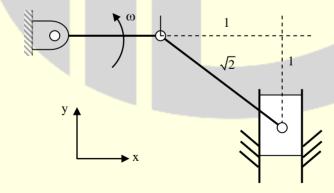


- 32.0% and 68.0%

77.8% and 22.2% (D)

Answer: **(A)**  Click here to watch the video explanation

**50.** The crank of a slider-crank mechanism rotates counter clockwise (CCW) with a constant angular velocity ω, as sown. Assume the length of the crank to be r.



Using exact analysis. The acceleration of the slider in the y-direction, at the instant shown, where the crank is parallel to x-axis, is given by

- (A)  $-2\omega^2 r$
- (B)  $2\omega^2 r$
- (C)  $\omega^2 r$
- (D)  $-\omega^2 r$

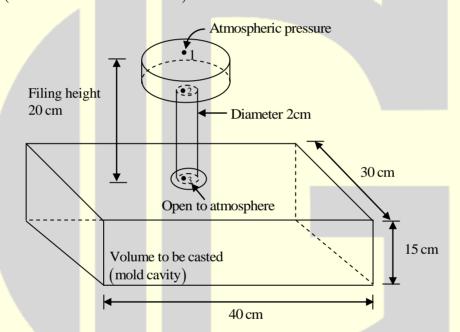
**(C) Answer:** 



51. The probability that a part manufactured by a company will be defective is 0.05. If such parts are selected randomly and inspected, then the probability that at least two parts will be defective is \_\_\_\_\_ (round off to two decimal places).

Answer: (0.17) Click here to watch the video explanation

52. The figure shows a pouring arrangement for casting of a metal block. Frictional losses are negligible. The acceleration due to gravity is 9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup>. The time (in s, round off to two decimal places) to fill up the mold cavity (of size 40 cm×30 cm×15 cm) is



Answer: (28.94) Click here to watch the video explanation

53. Hot and cold fluids enter a parallel flow double tube heat exchanger at 100 °C and 15 °C, respectively. The heat capacity rates of hot and cold fluids are  $C_h = 200 \text{ W/k}$  and  $C_c = 1200 \text{ W/K}$ , respectively. If the outlet temperature of the cold fluid is 45°C, the log mean temperature difference (LMTD) of the heat exchanger is \_\_\_\_\_\_ K (round of to two decimal places).

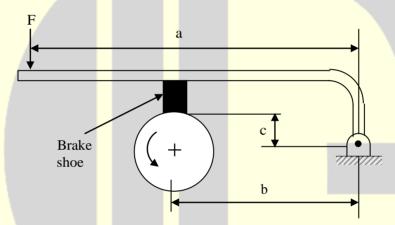
Answer: (57.71) Click here to watch the video explanation



54. The thickness of a sheet is reduced by rolling (without any change in width) using 600 mm diameter rolls. Neglect elastic deflection of the rolls and assume that the coefficient of friction at the roll-workpiece interface is 0.05. The sheet enters the rotating rolls unaided. If the initial sheet thickness is 2 mm, the minimum possible final thickness that can be produced by this process in a single pass is \_\_\_\_\_ mm (round of to two decimal places).

Answer: (1.25) Click here to watch the video explanation

A short shoe external drum brake is shown in the figure. The diameter of the brake drum is 500 mm. The dimensions a = 1000 mm, b = 500 mm and c = 200 mm. The coefficient of friction between the drum and the shoe is 0.35.



The force applied on the lever F = 100 N as shown in the figure. The drum is rotating anti-clockwise. The braking torque on the drum is \_\_\_\_\_ N-m (roundoff to two decimal places).

Answer: (20.34) Click here to watch the video explanation



