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GENERAL ABILITY

Q. No. 1 – 5 Carry One Mark Each

1.	A student is required to demonstrate a high level of <u>comprehension</u> of the subject, especially in the social sciences.							
	The	word closest in meani	ng to <u>com</u>	prehension	is			
	(A)	understanding			(B)	meaning		
	(C)	concentration			(D)	stability		
Ans	wer:	(A)						
2.	Choo	ose the most appropria	ite word fi	rom the opti	ons give	n below to complet	e the follow	ng sentence.
	One	of his biggest	was his a	bility to forg	give.			
	(A)	vice (B) virtu	ies	(C)	choices	(D) strei	ngth
Ans	wer:	(B)						
3.	Raja	n was not happy that S	Sajan deci	ded to do th	e project	on his own. On ob	serving his	unhappiness, Sajan
		nined to Rajan that he					C	11 / J
	•	ch one of the statemen	•		•		m the above	sentences?
	(A)	Rajan has decided to						
	(B)	Rajan and Sajan we				their wishes.		
	(C)	Sajan had decided to			_			
	(D)	Rajan had believed			-			
Ans	wer:	(D)						
4.	If y =	$= 5x^2 + 3$, then the tan	gent at x =	= 0, y = 3				
	(A)	passes through $x = 0$	y = 0		(B)	has a slope of +1		
	(C)	is parallel to the x-a	xis		(D)	has a slope of -1		
Ans	wer:	(C)						



5. A foundry has a fixed daily cost of Rs 50,000 whenever it operates and a variable cost of Rs 800Q, where Q is the daily production in tonnes. What is the cost of production in Rs per tonne for a daily production of 100 tonnes?

Answer:	(1	300	to	1300	ń
Allowel.	L	LJUU	w	1500	•

Q. No. 6 - 10 Carry Two Marks Each

6. Find the odd one in the following group: ALRVX, EPVZB, ITZDF, OYEIK

(A) ALRVX

(B) EPVZB

(C) ITZDF

(D) OYEIK

Answer: (D)

7. Anuj, Bhola, Chandan, Dilip, Eswar and Faisal live on different floors in a six-storeyed building (the ground floor is numbered 1, the floor above it 2, and so on). Anuj lives on an even-numbered floor. Bhola does not live on an odd numbered floor. Chandan does not live on any of the floors below Faisal's floor. Dilip does not live on floor number 2. Eswar does not live on a floor immediately above or immediately below Bhola. Faisal lives three floors above Dilip. Which of the following floor-person combinations is correct?

	Anuj	Bhola	Chandan	Dilip	Eswar	Faisal
(A)	6	2	5	1	3	4
(B)	2	6	5	1	3	4
(C)	4	2	6	3	1	5
(D)	2	4	6	1	3	5

Answer: (B)

8. The smallest angle of a triangle is equal to two thirds of the smallest angle of a quadrilateral. The ratio between the angles of the quadrilateral is 3:4:5:6. The largest angle of the triangle is twice its smallest angle. What is the sum, in degrees, of the second largest angle of the triangle and the largest angle of the quadrilateral?

Answer: (180 to 180)



9. One percent of the people of country X are taller than 6 ft. Two percent of the people of country Y are taller than 6 ft. There are thrice as many people in country X as in country Y. Taking both countries together, what is the percentage of people taller than 6 ft?

(A) 3.0

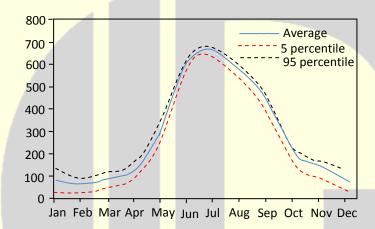
(B) 2.5

(C) 1.5

(D) 1.25

Answer: (D)

10. The monthly rainfall chart based on 50 years of rainfall in Agra is shown in the following figure. Which of the following are true? (k percentile is the value such that k percent of the data fall below that value)



- (i) On average, it rains more in July than in December
- (ii) Every year, the amount of rainfall in August is more than that in January
- (iii) July rainfall can be estimated with better confidence than February rainfall
- (iv) In August, there is at least 500 mm of rainfall

(A) (i) and (ii)

(B) (i) and (iii)

(C) (ii) and (iii)

(D) (iii) and (iv)

Answer: (B)



CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Q. No. 1 – 25 Carry One Mark Each

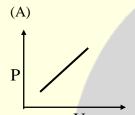
1.	Grad	lient of a scalar var	riable is always				
	(A)	a vector	(B) a scalar	(C)	a dot product	(D) zero	
Ansv	wer:	(A)					
2.	For	the time domain	function, $f(t) = t^2$	which ON	E of the following	is the Lap	lace transform of
	$\int_{0}^{t} f(t)$	t)dt?					
	(A)	$\frac{3}{s^4}$	(B) $\frac{1}{4s^2}$	(C)	$\frac{2}{s^3}$	(D) $\frac{2}{s^4}$	
Ansv	ver:	(D)					
3.	If f	*(x) is the con	nplex conjugate of	of $f(x) = c$	os(x) + i sin(x),	then for	real a and b,
	$\int_a^b f *$	(x)f(x) dx is ALV	WAYS?				
	(A)	Positive	(B) Negative	(C)	Real	(D) Imag	inary
Ansv	ver:	(C)					
4.	If f(x	x) is a real and co	ntinuous function o	of x, the Taylo	or series expansion	of $f(x)$ about	ut its minima will
	NEV	ER have a term co	ontaining				
	(A)	first derivative		(B)	second derivative		
	(C)	third derivative		(D)	any higher derivati	ive	
Ansv	ver:	(A)					

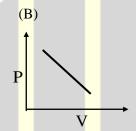
- 5. From the following list, identify the properties which are equal in both vapour and liquid phases at equilibrium
 - P. Density
 - R. Chemical potential
 - (A) P and Q only
 - (C) R and S only

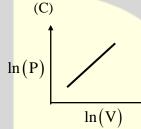
- Q. Temperature
- S. Enthalpy
- (B) Q and R only
- (D) P and S only

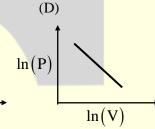
Answer: (B)

6. In a closed system, the isentropic expansion of an ideal gas with constant specific heats is represented by









Answer: (D)

7. Match the following:

Group-1	Group-2
$(P) \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial n_i} \right)_{T,P,n_{jet}}$	I. Arrhenius equation
$(Q) \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial n_i}\right)_{S,V,n_{jet}}$	II. Reaction equilibrium constant
(R) $\exp\left(\frac{-\Delta G_{\text{reaction}}^0}{RT}\right)$	III. Chemical potential
(S) $\Sigma (n_i d\mu_i)_{T,P} = 0$	IV. Gibbs-Duhem equation

(A) Q-III, R-I, S-II

(B) Q-III, R-II, S-IV

(C) P-III, R-II, S-IV

(D) P-III, R-IV, S-I

Answer:

(C)

- 8. In order to achieve the same conversion under identical reaction conditions and feed flow rate for a nonautocatalytic reaction of positive order, the volume of an ideal CSTR is
 - always greater than that of an ideal PFR (A)
 - (B) always smaller than that of an ideal PFR
 - same as that of an ideal PFR (C)
 - (D) smaller than that of an ideal PFR only for first order reaction

(A) Answer:

- Integral of the time-weighted absolute error (ITAE) is expressed as 9.

(C) $\int t |\varepsilon(t)| dt$

(D) $\int_{0}^{\infty} t^{2} |\varepsilon(t)| dt$

Answer: **(C)**

- A unit **IMPULSE** response of a first order system with time constant τ and steady state gain K_p is given **10.** by
 - (A) $\frac{1}{K_{p}\tau}e^{t/\tau}$ (B) $K_{p}e^{-t/\tau}$ (C) $\tau K_{p}e^{-t/\tau}$ (D) $\frac{K_{p}}{\tau}e^{-t/\tau}$

Answer: **(D)**

- In a completely opaque medium, if 50% of the incident monochromatic radiation is absorbed, then which 11. of the following statements are **CORRECT**?
 - 50% of the incident radiation is reflected (P)
 - 25% of the incident radiation is reflected (Q)
 - (R) 25% of the incident radiation is transmitted
 - No incident radiation is transmitted **(S)**
 - P and S only
- (B) Q and R only
- (C) P and Q only
- R and S only

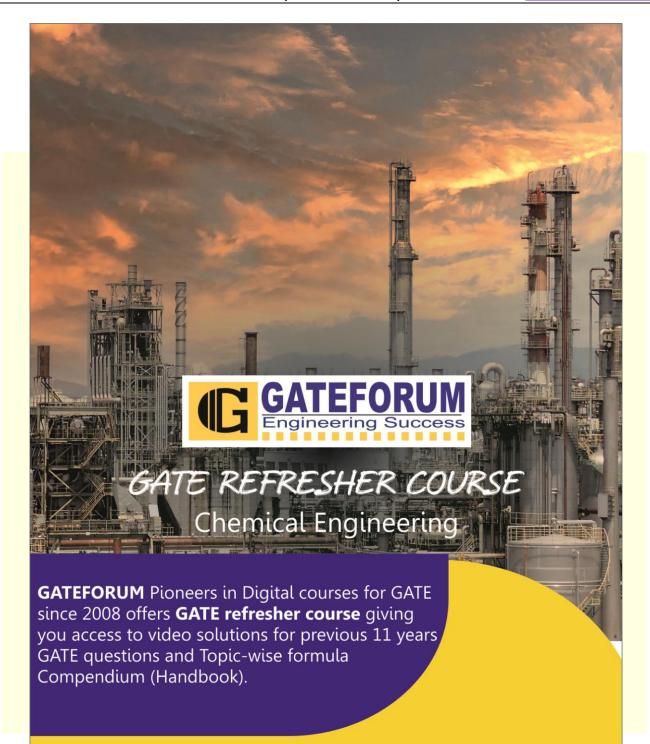
Answer: (A)





12.		se of a pressure di				onian flu	nid of viscos	sity (μ) through a horizontal
	(A)	μ	(B)	$\mu^{0.5}$	(C)	μ^{-1}		(D)	$\mu^{-0.5}$
Answ	er:	(C)							
13.	Whic	h of the following s	tateme	ents are CORREC	CT?				
	(P)	For a rheopectic flustress	uid, th	e apparent viscos	sity incre	ases with	h time under	a cor	nstant applied shear
	(Q)	For a pseudoplastic stress	c fluid	, the apparent vis	scosity de	ecreases	with time ur	nder a	constant applied shear
	(R)	For a Bingham pla	stic, th	ne apparent visco	sity incre	eases exp	onentially v	with th	ne deformation rate
	(S)	For a dilatant fluid	, the a	pparent viscosity	increase	s with in	ncreasing de	forma	tion rate
	(A)	P and Q only	(B) Q	and R only	(C) R	and S	only	(D) P	and S only
Answ	er:	(D)							
14.	Assur	me that an ordinary	mercu	ıry-in-glass therr	nometer	follows	first order d	lynam	ics with a time constant
				•					suddenly immersed in a
		-	ath at	100°C. The tir	ne requi	red (in	s) for the	thern	nometer to read 95°C,
	appro (A)	eximately is 60	(B)	40	(C)	30		(D)	20
A			(D)	-10	(C)	30		(D)	20
Answ	er:	(C)							
15	D1	. 1	1 6	11 14	C			1	·
15.	(A)	ed towers are prefer in packed towers, l		• •		•		ning I	iquids because
	(B)	in packed towers,	•						
	(C)	packed towers are		·		1	T		
	(D)	in packed towers, t	•	•	Č	ne liquid	pool		
Answ	er:	(D)							





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10	6. A spherical storage vessel is quarter–filled with toluene. The diameter of the vent at the top of the vessel is									
	1/20th of the diameter of the vessel. Under the steady state condition, the diffusive flux of toluene is									
	ma	maximum at								
	(A)) the surface of the liquid	the surface of the liquid							
	(B)	the mid-plane of the vessel								
	(C)) the vent								
	(D)	a distance 20 times the diameter of the ve	nt away from the vent							
A	nswer:									
1'	7. In	order to produce fine solid particles between	5 and 10 μm, the appropriate size reducing equipment is							
	(A)) fluid energy mill	(B) hammer mill							
	(C)) jaw crusher	(D) smooth roll crusher							
A	nswer:	(A)								
1	0 01									
18		arries are most conveniently pumped by a	(D) 1' 1							
	(A)		(B) diaphragm pump							
	(C)	vacuum pump	(D) gear pump							
A	nswer:	(B)								
19	As	suming the mass transfer coefficients in the g	gas and the liquid phases are comparable, the absorption of							
	CC	O ₂ from reformer gas (CO ₂ +H ₂) into an aqueou	us solution of diethanolamine is controlled by							
	(A)	gas phase resistance								
	(B)	liquid phase resistance								
	(C)	both gas and liquid phase resistances								
	(D)	composition of the reformer gas								
A	nswer:	(A)								
24	11 11 11	nich ONE of the following statements is COR	DECT for the symbols managed the same							

- Which ONE of the following statements is CORRECT for the surface renewal theory?
 - (A) Mass transfer takes place at steady state
 - (B) Mass transfer takes place at unsteady state



	(C)	Contact time is same for all the liquid elements							
	(D)	Mass transfer depends only on the film resistance							
A	answer:	(B)							
2	1. Ste	am economy of a multiple effect evaporator system is defined as							
	(A)	kilogram of steam used per hour							
	(B)	kilogram of steam consumed in all the effects for each kilogram of steam fed							
	(C)	kilogram of steam used in all the effects for each kilogram of water vaporized per hour							
	(D)	kilogram of water vaporized from all the effects for each kilogram of steam fed to the first effect							
A	nswer:	(D)							
2	2. Dec	composition efficiency (η_D) of an electrolytic cell used for producing NaOH is defined as							
	(A)	$\eta_{\rm D} = \text{(grams of NaOH produced / grams of NaCl decomposed)} \ x \ 100$							
	(B)	$\eta_{\rm D}$ = (grams of NaOH produced / grams of NaCl charged) x 100							
	(C)	$\eta_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$ = (gram equivalents of NaOH produced / gram equivalents of NaCl charged) x 100							
	(D)	η_D = (theoretical current to produce one gram equivalent / actual current to produce one gram							
		equivalent) x 100							
A	nswer:	(C)							
2	3. The	e vessel dispersion number for an ideal CSTR is							
	(A)	-1 (B) 0 (C) 1 (D) ∞							
A	nswer:	(D)							
2	4. Cat	alytic cracking is							
	(A)	a hydrogen addition process (B) a carbon rejection process							
	(C)	an exothermic process (D) a coking process							
A	nswer:	(B)							

- **25.** Which ONE of the following statements is CORRECT?
 - The major components of biodiesel are triglycerides (A)
 - (B) Biodiesel is essentially a mixture of ethyl esters
 - (C) Biodiesel is highly aromatic
 - Biodiesel has a very low aniline point (D)

Answer: (B)

Q. No. 26 – 55 Carry Two Marks Each

Consider the following differential equation 26.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + \ln(y); y = 2 \text{ at } x = 0$$

The solution of this equation at x = 0.4 using Euler method with a step size of h = 0.2 is _____

Answer: (2.3 to 2.4)

The integrating factor for the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{1+x} = (1+x)$$
 is

- (A) $\frac{1}{1+x}$ (B) (1+x) (C) x(1+x) (D) $\frac{x}{1+x}$

Answer: (A)

- The differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + x^3y = e^x$ is a 28.
 - (A) non-linear differential equation of first degree
 - linear differential equation of first degree (B)
 - (C) linear differential equation of second degree
 - non-linear differential equation of second degree (D)

(B) Answer:



29. Consider the following two normal distributions

$$f_1(x) = \exp(-\pi x^2)$$

 $f_2(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \exp\{-\frac{1}{4\pi}(x^2 + 2x + 1)\}$

If μ and σ denote the mean and standard deviation, respectively, then

(A) $\mu_1 < \mu_2 \text{ and } \sigma_1^2 < \sigma_2^2$

(B) $\mu_1 < \mu_2 \text{ and } \sigma_1^2 > \sigma_2^2$

- (C) $\mu_1 > \mu_2$ and $\sigma_1^2 < \sigma_2^2$
- (D) $\mu_1 > \mu_2 \text{ and } \sigma_1^2 > \sigma_2^2$

Answer: **(C)**

In rolling of two fair dice, the outcome of an experiment is considered to be the sum of the numbers 30. appearing on the dice. The probability is highest for the outcome of _____

Answer: (6.99 to 7.01)

- A spherical ball of benzoic acid (diameter = 1.5 cm) is submerged in a pool of still water. The solubility 31. and diffusivity of benzoic acid in water are 0.03 kmol/m³ and 1.25 x 10⁻⁹ m²/s respectively. Sherwood number is given as $Sh = 2.0 + 0.6 \text{ Re}^{0.5} Sc^{0.33}$. The initial rate of dissolution (in kmol/s) of benzoic acid approximately is
 - (A) 3.54×10^{-11}
- (B) 3.54×10^{-12} (C) 3.54×10^{-13} (D) 3.54×10^{-14}

(B) Answer:

32. A wet solid of 100 kg is dried from a moisture content of 40wt% to 10wt%. The critical moisture content is 15wt% and the equilibrium moisture content is negligible. All moisture contents are on dry basis. The falling rate is considered to be linear. It takes 5 hours to dry the material in the constant rate period. The duration (in hours) of the falling rate period is _____.

Answer: (1.1 to 1.3)



A brick wall of 20 cm thickness has thermal conductivity of 0.7 W m⁻¹ K⁻¹. An insulation of thermal **33.** conductivity 0.2 W m⁻¹ K⁻¹ is to be applied on one side of the wall, so that the heat transfer through the wall is reduced by 75%. The same temperature difference is maintained across the wall before and after applying the insulation. The required thickness (in cm) of the insulation is

(17.0 to 17.3) Answer:

An oil with a flow rate of 1000 kg/h is to be cooled using water in a double-pipe counter-flow heat 34. exchanger from a temperature of 70°C to 40°C. Water enters the exchanger at 25°C and leaves at 40°C. The specific heats of oil and water are 2 kJ kg⁻¹ K⁻¹ and 4.2 kJ kg⁻¹ K⁻¹, respectively. The overall heat transfer coefficient is 0.2 kW m⁻² K⁻¹. The minimum heat exchanger area (in m²) required for this operation is _____.

(3.75 to 3.95) **Answer:**

Which **ONE** of the following is **CORRECT** for an ideal gas in a closed system? **35.**

(A)
$$\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_{S} V = nR \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_{V}$$

(B)
$$-\left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial P}\right)_{S} P = nR\left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial S}\right)_{P}$$

(C)
$$\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_{S} V = nR \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial S}\right)_{R}$$

(D)
$$\left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial P}\right)_{S} P = nR \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_{S}$$

Answer: **(D)**

A binary distillation column is operating with a mixed feed containing 20 mol% vapour. If the feed quality 36. is changed to 80 mol% vapour, the change in the slope of the q-line is _____

(3.6 to 3.9) Answer:

A homogeneous reaction $(R \to P)$ occurs in a batch reactor. The conversion of the reactant R is 67% after 10 minutes and 80% after 20 minutes. The rate equation for this reaction is

$$(A) - r_R = k$$

$$(B) - r_{R} = kC_{R}^{2}$$

$$(\mathbf{C}) - \mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{R}} = \mathbf{k} \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{R}}^3$$

(B)
$$-r_R = kC_R^2$$
 (C) $-r_R = kC_R^3$ (D) $-r_R = kC_R^{0.5}$

Answer: (B)



A vapour phase catalytic reaction $(Q+R \rightarrow S)$ follows Rideal mechanism (R and S are not adsorbed). **38.** Initially, the mixture contains only the reactants in equimolar ratio. The surface reaction step is rate controlling. With constants a and b, the initial rate of reaction $(-r_0)$ in terms of total pressure (P_T) is given by

(A)
$$-r_0 = \frac{aP_T}{1 + bP_T}$$

(B)
$$-r_0 = \frac{aP_T}{1 + bP_T^2}$$

(C)
$$-\mathbf{r}_0 = \frac{aP_T^2}{1 + bP_T}$$

(A)
$$-r_0 = \frac{aP_T}{1 + bP_T}$$
 (B) $-r_0 = \frac{aP_T}{1 + bP_T^2}$ (C) $-r_0 = \frac{aP_T^2}{1 + bP_T}$ (D) $-r_0 = \frac{aP_T^2}{\left(1 + bP_T\right)^2}$

Answer: **(C)**

39. A incompressible fluid is flowing through a contraction section of length L and has a 1-D (x direction) steady state velocity distribution, $u = u_0 \left(1 + \frac{2x}{L} \right)$. If $u_0 = 2m/s$ and L = 3m, the convective acceleration (in m/s²) of the fluid at L is

Answer: (7.99 to 8.01)

Match the following: 40.

	Group - 1	Group - 2		
(P)	Tank in series model	(I)	Non-isothermal reaction	
(Q)	Liquid-liquid extraction	(II)	Mixer-settler	
(R)	Optimum temperature progression	(III)	PFR with axial mixing	
(S)	Thiele modulus	(IV)	Solid catalyzed reaction	

(A) P-II, Q-IV, R-I, S-III

(B) P-I, Q-II, R-III, S-IV

(C) P-III, Q-I, R-II, S-IV

(D) P-III, Q-II, R-I, S-IV

Answer: **(D)**

41. Two elemental gases (A and B) are reacting to form a liquid (C) in a steady state process as per the reaction. A + B \rightarrow C. The single-pass conversion of the reaction is only 20% and hence recycle is used. The product is separated completely in pure form. The fresh feed has 49 mol% of A and B each along with 2 mol% impurities. The maximum allowable impurities in the recycle stream is 20 mol%. The amount of purge stream (in moles) per 100 moles of the fresh feed is _____

(9.99 to 10.01)



42. Carbon monoxide (CO) is burnt in presence of 200% excess pure oxygen and the flame temperature achieved is 2298 K. The inlet streams are at 25 °C. The standard heat of formation (at 25 °C) of CO and CO₂ are -110kJ mol⁻¹ and -390kJ mol⁻¹, respectively. The heat capacities (in J mol⁻¹ K⁻¹) of the components are

$$C_{p_{O_2}} = 25 + 14 \times 10^{-3} T$$
 where,
 $C_{p_{CO_2}} = 25 + 42 \times 10^{-3} T$

T is the temperature in K. The heat loss (in kJ) per mole of CO burnt is______.

Answer: (32.0 to 38.0)

43. A cash flow of Rs. 12,000 per year is received at the end of each year (uniform periodic payment) for 7 consecutive years. The rate of interest is 9% per year compounded annually. The present worth (in Rs.) of such cash flow at time zero is ______.

Answer: (60000 to 61000)

44. A polymer plant with a production capacity of 10,000 tons per year has an overall yield of 70%, on mass basis (kg of product per kg of raw material). The raw material costs Rs. 50,000 per ton. A process modification is proposed to increase the overall yield to 75% with an investment of Rs. 12.5 crore. In how many years can the invested amount be recovered with the additional profit? ______.

Answer: (2.55 to 2.70)

45. A step change of magnitude 2 is introduced into a system having the following transfer function :

$$G(s) = \frac{2}{s^2 + 2s + 4}$$

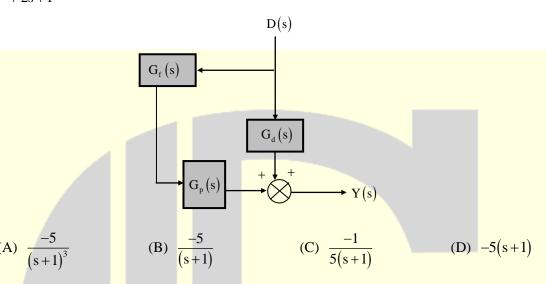
The percent overshoot is ______.

Answer: (16.0 to 16.8)

46. Given below is a simplified block diagram of a feedforward control system.



The transfer function of the process is $G_p = \frac{5}{s+1}$ and the disturbance transfer function is $G_d = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 1}$. The transfer function of the **PERFECT** feed forward controller, $G_f(s)$ is



Answer: (C)

47. The bottom face of a horizontal slab of thickness 6 mm is maintained at 300°C. The top face is exposed to a flowing gas at 30°C. The thermal conductivity of the slab is 1.5 W m⁴ K⁴ and the convective heat transfer coefficient is 30 W m⁻² K⁻¹. At steady state, the temperature (in °C) of the top face is ______.

Answer: (268 to 274)

48. In a steady incompressible flow, the velocity distribution is given by $\overline{V} = 3x\hat{l} - Py\hat{J} + 5z\hat{k}$, where, V is in m/s and x, y, and z are in m. In order to satisfy the mass conservation, the value of the constant P (in s⁻¹) is

Answer: (7.99 to 8.01)

49. Match the following:

	Group I	Group II		
(P)	Turbulence	(I)	Reciprocating pump	
(Q)	NPSH	(II)	Packed bed	



(R)	Ergun equation	(III) Flu	uctuating velocity
(S)	Rotameter	(IV) Im	peller
(T)	Power number	(V) Ve	ena contracta

(A) P-III, R-II, T-IV

(B) Q-V, R-II, S-III

(C) P-III, R-IV, T-II

(D) Q-III, S-V, T-IV

Answer: (A)

50. In a steady and incompressible flow of a fluid (density = 1.25 kg m⁻³), the difference between stagnation and static pressures at the same location in the flow is 30 mm of mercury (density = 13600 kg m⁻³). Considering gravitational acceleration as 10 m s⁻², the fluid speed (in m s⁻¹) is ______.

Answer: (79 to 82)

51. Consider a binary liquid mixture at equilibrium with its vapour at 25°C. Antoine equation for this system is given as $\log_{10} p_1^{\text{sat}} = A - \frac{B}{t + C}$ where t is in °C and p in Torr.

The Antoine constants (A, B, and C) for the system are given in the following table.

Component	A	В	C
1	7.0	1210	230
2	6.5	1206	223

The vapour phase is assumed to be ideal and the activity coefficients (γ_i) for the non-ideal liquid phase are given by

$$\ln(\gamma_1) = x_2^2 [2 - 0.6x_1]$$

$$\ln(\gamma_1) = x_2^2 [1.7 + 0.6x_1]$$

 $ln(\gamma_2) = x_1^2 [1.7 + 0.6x_2]$

If the mole fraction of component 1 in liquid phase (x_1) is 0.11, then the mole fraction of component 1 in vapour phase (y_1) is _____

Answer: (0.65 to 0.75)



- 52. A process with transfer function, $G_P = \frac{2}{s-1}$ is to be controlled by a feedback proportional controller with a gain K_c . If the transfer functions of all other elements in the control loop are unity, then which **ONE** of the following conditions produces a stable closed loop response?
 - (A) $K_C = 0.25$

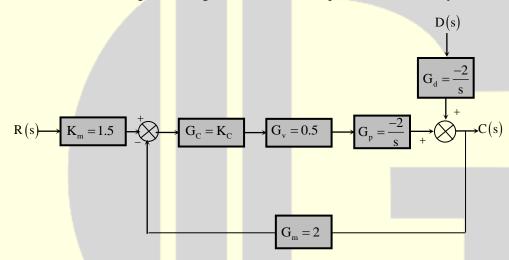
(B) $0 < K_c < 0.25$

(C) $0.25 < K_C < 0.5$

(D) $K_C > 0.5$

Answer: (D)

53. Consider the following block diagram for a closed-loop feedback control system



A proportional controller is being used with $K_C = -4$. If a step change in disturbance of magnitude 2 affects the system, then the value of the offset is _____.

Answer: (0.49 to 0.51)

54. Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion [a] and Reason [r].

Assertion: Significant combustion of coke takes place only if it is heated at higher temperature in presence of air.

Reason: $C + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$ is an exothermic reaction.

- (A) Both [a] and [r] are true and [r] is the correct reason for [a]
- (B) Both [a] and [r] are true but [r] is not the correct reason for [a]
- (C) [a] is correct but [r] is false



(D) Both [a] and [r] are false

Answer: (B)

55. Match the raw materials of Groups 1 and 2 with the final products of Group 3

Group 1	Group 2	Group 3
P ₁ : Ethylene	Q ₁ : Ammonia	R ₁ : Synthetic fibre
P ₂ : Propylene	Q ₂ : 1-Butene	R ₂ : Nylon 66
P ₃ : Adipic acid	Q ₃ : Ethylene glycol	R ₃ : LLDPE
P ₄ : Terephthalic acid	Q ₄ : Hexamethylene diamine	R ₄ : Acrylonitrile

(A)
$$P_1 + Q_2 \rightarrow R_3$$
; $P_2 + Q_1 \rightarrow R_4$; $P_3 + Q_4 \rightarrow R_2$; $P_4 + Q_3 \rightarrow R_1$

(B)
$$P_1 + Q_1 \rightarrow R_3$$
; $P_2 + Q_3 \rightarrow R_4$; $P_3 + Q_4 \rightarrow R_4$; $P_4 + Q_2 \rightarrow R_2$

(C)
$$P_1 + Q_2 \rightarrow R_2$$
; $P_2 + Q_3 \rightarrow R_1$; $P_3 + Q_4 \rightarrow R_3$; $P_4 + Q_1 \rightarrow R_4$

(D)
$$P_1 + Q_1 \rightarrow R_4$$
; $P_2 + Q_2 \rightarrow R_3$; $P_3 + Q_4 \rightarrow R_2$; $P_4 + Q_3 \rightarrow R_1$

Answer: (A)



