

|CE, GATE-2014, Paper-I|

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GENERAL ABILITY

Q. No. 1 - 5 Carry One Mark Each

1.	A student is required to demonstrate a high level of <u>comprehension</u> of the subject, especially in the social sciences.										
	The word closest in meaning to <u>comprehension</u> is										
	(A)	understanding (B) meaning (C) concentration (D) stability									
An	iswer:	(A)									
2.	Choo	ese the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence.									
	One	of his biggest was his ability to forgive.									
	(A)	vice (B) virtues (C) choices (D) strength									
An	iswer:	(B)									
3.	U	n was not happy that Sajan decided to do the project on his own. On observing his unhappiness, Sajan ined to Rajan that he preferred to work independently.									
	Whic	th one of the statements below is logically valid and can be inferred from the above sentences?									
	(A)	Rajan has decided to work only in a group.									
	(B)	Rajan and Sajan were formed into a group against their wishes.									
	(C)	Sajan had decided to give in to Rajan's request to work with him.									
	(D)	Rajan had believed that Sajan and he would be working together.									
An	iswer:	(D)									
4.	-	$5x^{2} + 3$, then the tangent at $x = 0$, $y = 3$									
	(A)	passes through $x = 0$, $y = 0$									
	(B)	has a slope of +1									
	(C)	is parallel to the x-axis									
	(D)	has a slope of -1									
Ar	iswer:	(\mathbf{C})									

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5. A foundry has a fixed daily cost of Rs 50,000 whenever it operates and a variable cost of Rs 800Q, where Q is the daily production in tonnes. What is the cost of production in Rs per tonne for a daily production of 100 tonnes?

Answer: ()

Q. No. 6 – 10 Carry Two Marks Each

6. Find the odd one in the following group: ALRVX, EPVZB, ITZDF, OYEIK

(A) ALRVX	(B)	EPV <mark>ZB</mark>	(C)	ITZDF	(D)	OYEIK
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Answer: (D)

7. Anuj, Bhola, Chandan, Dilip, Eswar and Faisal live on different floors in a six-storeyed building (the ground floor is numbered 1, the floor above it 2, and so on). Anuj lives on an even-numbered floor. Bhola does not live on an odd numbered floor. Chandan does not live on any of the floors below Faisal's floor. Dilip does not live on floor number 2. Eswar does not live on a floor immediately above or immediately below Bhola. Faisal lives three floors above Dilip. Which of the following floor-person combinations is correct?

	Anuj	Bhola	Chandan	Dilip	Eswar	Faisal
(A)	6	2	5	1	3	4
(B)	2	6	5	1	3	4
(C)	4	2	6	3	1	5
(D)	2	4	6	1	3	5

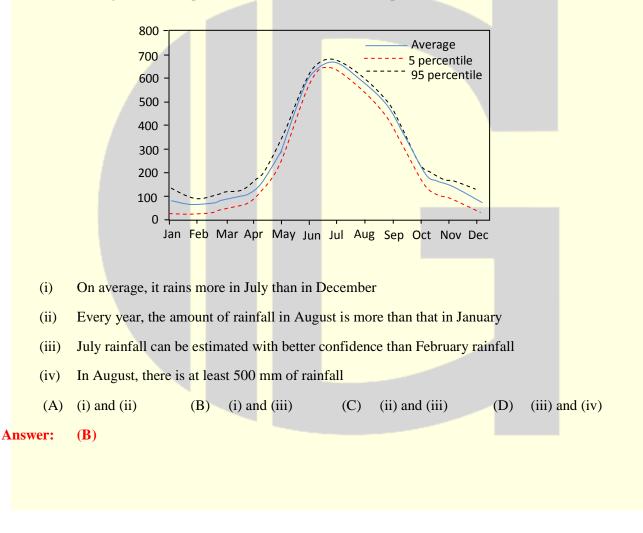
Answer: (B)

8. The smallest angle of a triangle is equal to two thirds of the smallest angle of a quadrilateral. The ratio between the angles of the quadrilateral is 3:4:5:6. The largest angle of the triangle is twice its smallest angle. What is the sum, in degrees, of the second largest angle of the triangle and the largest angle of the quadrilateral?

Answer: (180 to 180)

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9.	One percent of the people of country X are taller than 6 ft. Two percent of the people of country Y are taller than 6 ft. There are thrice as many people in country X as in country Y. Taking both countries together, what is the percentage of people taller than 6 ft?										
	(A)	3.0	(B)	2.5	(C)	1.5	(D)	1.25		
Ansv	wer:	(D)									

10. The monthly rainfall chart based on 50 years of rainfall in Agra is shown in the following figure. Which of the following are true? (k percentile is the value such that k percent of the data fall below that value)



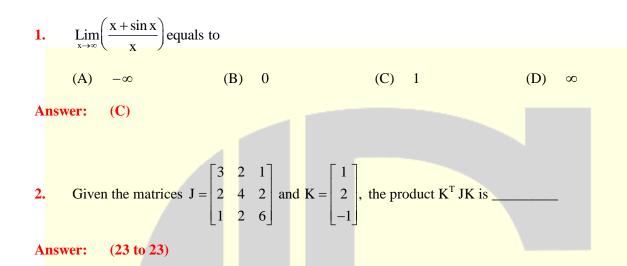
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CIVIL ENGINEERING

Q. No. 1 – 25 Carry One Mark Each



3. The probability density function of evaporation on any day during a year in a watershed is given by

$$f(E) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{5} & 0 \le E \le 5 \text{ mm/day} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The probability that E lies in between 2 and 4 mm/day in a day in the watershed is (in decimal)

Answer: (0.4 to 0.4)

4. The sum of Eigen values of the matrix, [M] is

		215	650	795
	where[M]=	655	150	835
		485	355	550
(A)	915		(B)	1355

Answer: (A)

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5. With reference to the conventional Cartesian (x, y) coordinate system, the vertices of a triangle have the following coordinates: $(x_1, y_1) = (1, 0)$; $(x_2, y_2) = (2, 2)$; and $(x_3, y_3) = (4, 3)$. The area of the triangle is equal to

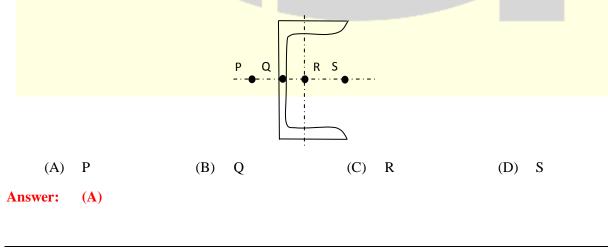
(A)
$$\frac{3}{2}$$
 (B) $\frac{3}{4}$ (C) $\frac{4}{5}$ (D) $\frac{5}{2}$

Answer: (A)

6. Match the information given in Group – I with those in Group II.

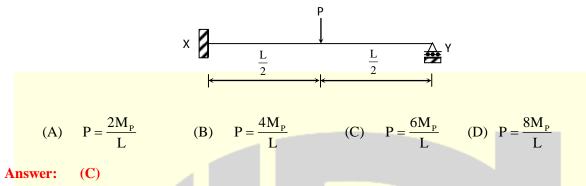
Group - I	Group - II					
(p) Factor to decrease ultimate strength to design strength	(1) Upper bound on ultimate load					
(q) Factor to increase working load to ultimate load for design	(2) Lower bound on ultimate load					
(r) Statical method of ultimate load analysis	(3) Material partial safety factor					
(s) Kinematical mechanism method of ultimate load analysis	(4) Load factor					
(A) $P-1; Q-2; R-3; S-4$	(B) $P-2; Q-1; R-4; S-3$					
(C) $P-3; Q-4; R-2; S-1$	(D) $P-4; Q-3; R-2; S-1$					
ver: (C)						

7. The possible location of shear centre of the channel section, shown below, is



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8. The ultimate collapse load (*P*) in terms of plastic moment M_p by kinematic approach for a propped cantilever of length L with P acting at its mid-span as shown in the figure, would be



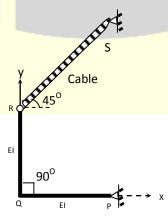
9. While designing, for a steel column of Fe250 grade, a base plate resting on a concrete pedestal of M20 grade, the bearing strength of concrete (in N/mm²) in limit state method of design as per IS:456-2000 is

Answer: (9 to 9)

- 10. A steel section is subjected to a combination of shear and bending actions. The applied shear force is V and the shear capacity of the section is V_s . For such a section, high shear force (as per IS:800-2007) is defined as
 - (A) $V > 0.6V_s$ (B) $V > 0.7V_s$ (C) $V > 0.8V_s$ (D) $V > 0.9V_s$

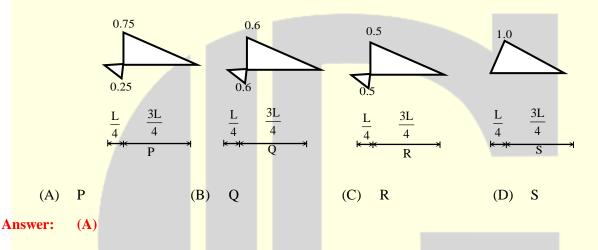
Answer: (A)

11. The degree of static indeterminacy of a rigid jointed frame PQR supported as shown in the figure is

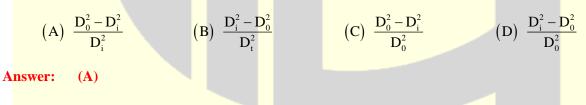


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(A)	Zero	(B)	One	(C)	Two	(D)	Unstable
Answer:	(A)						

12. In a beam of length L, four possible influence line diagrams for shear force at a section located at a distance of $\frac{L}{4}$ of from the left end support (marked as P, Q, R and S) are shown below. The correct influence line diagram is



13. The degree of disturbance of the sample collected by the sampler is expressed by a term called the "area ratio". If the outer diameter and inner diameter of the sampler are D_0 and D_i respectively, the area ratio is given by



- 14. For a saturated cohesive soil, a triaxial test yields the angle of internal friction (ϕ) as zero. The conducted test is
 - (A) Consolidated Drained (CD) test
 - (B) Consolidated Undrained (CU) test
 - (C) Unconfined Compression (UC) test
 - (D) Unconsolidated Undrained (UU) test

Answer: (D)

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- **15.** The action of negative skin friction on the pile is to
 - (A) increase the ultimate load on the pile
 - (B) reduce the allowable load on the pile
 - (C) maintain the working load on the pile
 - (D) reduce the settlement of the pile

Answer: (B)

16. A long slope is formed in a soil with shear strength parameters: c' = 0 and $\phi' = 34^\circ$. A firm stratum lies below the slope and it is assumed that the water table may occasionally rise to the surface, with seepage taking place parallel to the slope. Use $\gamma_{mt} = 18 \text{kN/m}^3$ and $\gamma_w = 10 \text{kN/m}^3$. The maximum slope angle (in degrees) to ensure a factor of safety of 1.5, assuming a potential failure surface parallel to the slope, would be

(A) 45.3 (B) 44.7 (C) 12.3 (D) 11.3

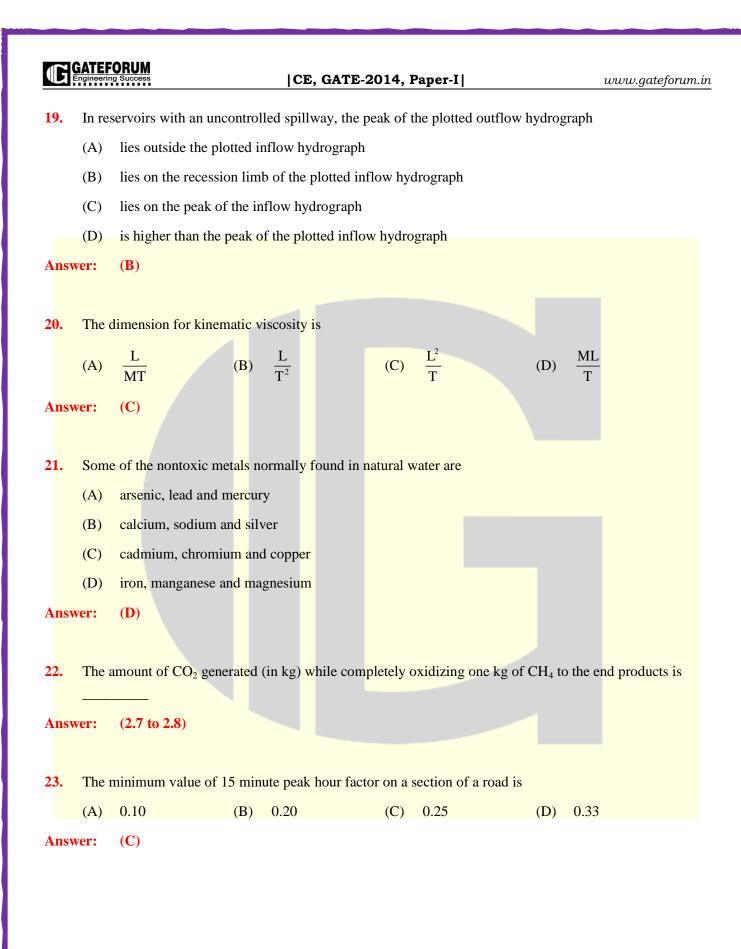
Answer: (D)

17. An incompressible homogeneous fluid is flowing steadily in a variable diameter pipe having the large and small diameters as 15 cm and 5 cm, respectively. If the velocity at a section at the 15 cm diameter portion of the pipe is 2.5 m/s, the velocity of the fluid (in m/s) at a section falling in 5 cm portion of the pipe is

Answer: (22 to 23)

- **18.** A conventional flow duration curve is a plot between
 - (A) Flow and percentage time flow is exceeded
 - (B) Duration of flooding and ground level elevation
 - (C) Duration of water supply in a city and proportion of area receiving supply exceeding this duration
 - (D) Flow rate and duration of time taken to empty a reservoir at that flow rate

Answer: (A)



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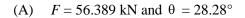
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24.		following sta edges (witho		related to tempe nt):	erature stres	ses develope	ed in concrete	pavement	slabs with			
	(P)	-	The temperature stresses will be zero during both day and night times if the pavement slab is considered weightless									
	(Q)	-		s will be compr slab is conside		e bottom of t	the slab durin	g night tirr	ne if the self-			
	(R)	-		s will be compr slab is conside		e bottom of	the slab durin	g day time	if the self-			
	The	TRUE statem	nent(s) is(are))								
	(A)	P only	(B)	Q only	(C)	P and Q on	ly (D)	P and R of	only			
Ans	swer:	(C)										
25. Ans				the points P and om P) at which 12.33					Distance PQ			
	Q. No. 26 – 55 Carry Two Marks Each											
<mark>26.</mark>		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	•	olishes <mark>eq</mark> uilibri	um in sligh	tly bent posi	tion, the mid-	-span defle	ction of a			
	mem	ber shown in $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{P}{EI} y$		P → ← M	E y L	N N	ф р	► X				
	If α	is amplitude	constant for	y, then								
	(A)	$y = \frac{1}{P} \left(1 - \alpha \right)$	$\cos\frac{2\pi x}{L}$		(B)	$y = \frac{1}{P} \left(1 - \alpha \right)$	$\sin\frac{2\pi x}{L}$					
	(C)	$y = \alpha \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$	-		(D) y	$v = \alpha \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L}$	<u> </u>					

Answer: (C)

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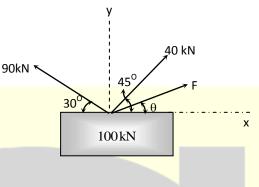
27. A box of weight 100 kN shown in the figure is to be lifted without swinging. If all forces are coplanar, the magnitude and direction (θ) of the force (F) with respect to x-axis should be



(B) F = -56.389 kN and $\theta = -28.28^{\circ}$

(C) F = 9.055 kN and $\theta = 1.414^{\circ}$

(D) F = -9.055 kN and $\theta = -1.414^{\circ}$



(A)

Answer:

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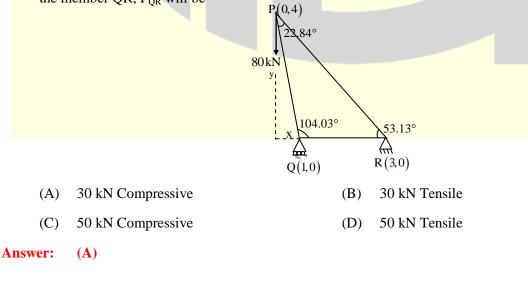
28. A particle moves along a curve whose parametric equations are: $x = t^3 + 2t$, $y = -3e^{-2t}$ and z = 2sin(5t), where x, y and z show variations of the distance covered by the particle (in cm) with time t (in s). The magnitude of the acceleration of the particle (in cm/s²) at t = 0 is _____.

Answer: (12 to 12)

29. A traffic office imposes on an average 5 number of penalties daily on traffic violators. Assume that the number of penalties on different days is independent and follows a Poisson distribution. The probability that there will be less than 4 penalties in a day is ______.

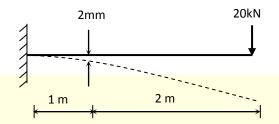
Answer: (0.26 to 0.27)

30. Mathematical idealization of a crane has three bars with their vertices arranged as shown in the figure with a load of 80 kN hanging vertically. The coordinates of the vertices are given in parentheses. The force in the member QR, F_{OR} will be



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31. For the cantilever beam of span 3 m (shown below), a concentrated load of 20 kN applied at the free end causes a vertical displacement of 2 mm at a section located at a distance of 1 m from the fixed end.

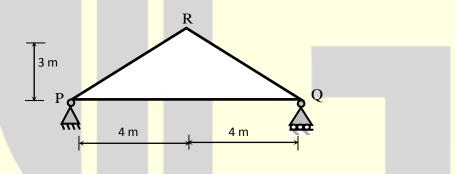


If a concentrated vertically downward load of 10 kN is applied at the section located at a distance of 1 m from the fixed end (with no other load on the beam), the maximum vertical displacement in the same beam (in mm) is

Answer: (1 to 1)

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32. For the truss shown below, the member PQ is short by 3 mm.



The magnitude of vertical displacement of joint R (in mm) is _

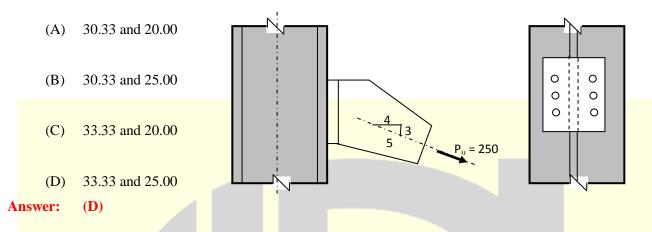
Answer: (1.0 to 2.5)

33. A rectangular beam of width (b) 230 mm and effective depth (d) 450mm is reinforced with four bars of 12 mm diameter. The grade of concrete is M20 and grade of steel is Fe500. Given that for M20 grade of concrete the ultimate shear strength, $\tau_{\infty} = 0.36$ N/mm² for steel percentage, p = 0.25, and $\tau_{\infty} = 0.48$ N/mm² for p = 0.50. For a factored shear force of 45kN, the diameter (in mm) of Fe500 steel two legged stirrups to be used at spacing of 375 mm, should be

(A) 8 (B) 10 (C) 12 (D) 16

Answer: (A)

34. The tension and shear force (both in kN) in each bolt of the joint, as shown below, respectively are



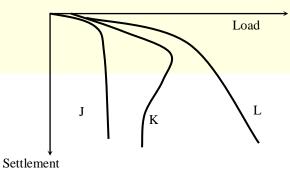
35. For a beam of cross-section, width = 230 mm and effective depth = 500 mm, the number of rebars of 12 mm diameter required to satisfy minimum tension reinforcement requirement specified by IS:456-2000 (assuming grade of steel reinforcement as Fe500) is ______.

Answer: (2 to 2)

36. In a reinforced concrete section, the stress at the extreme fibre in compression is 5.80 MPa. The depth of neutral axis in the section is 58 mm and the grade of concrete is M25. Assuming linear elastic behavior of the concrete, the effective curvature of the section (in per mm) is

(A) 2.0×10^{-6} (B) 3.0×10^{-6} (C) 4.0×10^{-6} (D) 5.0×10^{-6} Answer: (C)

37. Group I contains representative load-settlement curves for different modes of bearing capacity failures of sandy soil. Group II enlists the various failure characteristics. Match the load-settlement curves with the corresponding failure characteristics.





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Group I	Group II
(p) Curve J	(1) No apparent heaving of soil around the footing
(q) Curve K	(2) Rankine's passive zone develops imperfectly
(r) Curve L	(3) Well defined slip surface extends to ground surface
(A) P - 1, Q - 3, R - 2	(B) P - 3, Q - 2, R - 1

(C) P - 3, Q - 1, R - 2 (D) P - 1, Q - 2, R - 3

Answer: (A)

38. A given cohesionless soil has $e_{max} = 0.85$ and $e_{max} = 0.50$. In the field, the soil is compacted to a mass density of 1800 kg/m³ at a water content of 8%. Take the mass density of water as 1000kg/m³ and G, as 2.7.The relative density (in %) of the soil is

(A) 56.43 (B) 60.25 (C) 62.87 (D) 65.7

Answer: (D)

39. The following data are given for the laboratory sample.

 $\sigma_0' = 175$ kPa; $e_0 = 1.1$; $\sigma_0' + \Delta \sigma_{0'} = 300$ kPa; e = 0.9

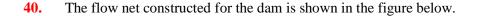
If thickness of the clay specimen is 25mm, the value of coefficient of volume compressibility is

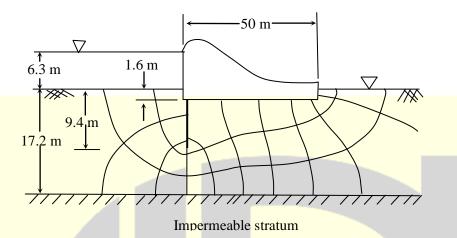
 $= 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 / \text{kN}$

Answer: (7.6 to 8.0)

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Taking the coefficient of permeability as 3.8×10^{-6} m/s, the quantity of flow (in cm³/s) under the damper meter of dam is ______.

Answer: (7.10 to 7.85)

41. A horizontal jet of water with its cross-sectional area of 0.0028 m² hits a fixed vertical plate with a velocity of 5 m/s. After impact the jet splits symmetrically in a plane parallel to the plane of the plate. The force of impact (in N) of the jet on the plate is

(A)	90	(B)	80	(C)	70	(D)	60
Answer:	(C)						

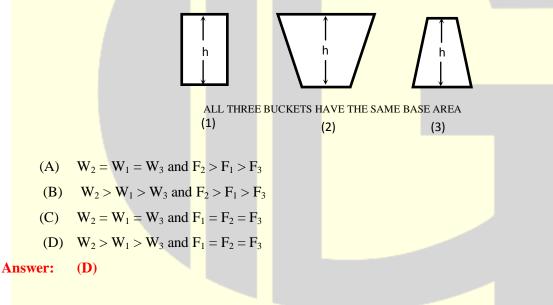
42. A venturimeter, having a diameter of 7.5 cm at the throat and 15 cm at the enlarged end, is installed in a horizontal pipeline of 15 cm diameter. The pipe carries an incompressible fluid at a steady rate of 30 litres per second. The difference of pressure head measured in terms of the moving fluid in between the enlarged and the throat of the venturimeter is observed to be 2.45 m. Taking the acceleration due to gravity as 9.81 m/s², the coefficient of discharge of the venturimeter (correct up to two places of decimal)

is _

Answer: (0.93 to 0.96)

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43.	carrie minii	es a discharge mum width o	of 1.0 m ³ /s. f a throat (ir	Given that the moment of the first f	ne normal de possible at a	pth of flow given sect	v ranges b tion, whi	etweer le ensu	n 0.76 m Iring tha	cient 'n' 0.015 and 0.8 m. The t the prevailing nately equal to
	(assu	me negligible	e losses)							
	(A)	0.64	(B)	0.84	(C)	1.04		(D)	1.24	
Ansv	wer:	(B)								
44.										and base areas

water in these buckets are denoted as W_1 , W_2 , and W_3 respectively. Also, let the force of water on the base of the bucket be denoted as F_1 , F_2 , and F_3 respectively. The option giving an accurate description of the system physics is



45. An incompressible fluid is flowing at a steady rate in a horizontal pipe. From a section, the pipe divides into two horizontal parallel pipes of diameters d_1 and d_2 (where $d_1 = 4d_2$) that run for a distance of L each and then again join back to a pipe of the original size. For both the parallel pipes, assume the head loss due to friction only and the Darcy-Weisbach friction factor to be the same. The velocity ratio between the bigger and the smaller branched pipes is ______ .

Answer: (2 to 2)

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16.	16 MLD of water is flowing through a 2.5 km long pipe of diameter 45 cm. The chlorine at the rate of 32								
	kg/d is applied at the entry of this pipe so that disinfected water is obtained at the exit. There is a proposa								
	to increase the flow through this pipe to 22 MLD from 16 MLD. Assume the dilution coefficient, $n = 1$.								
	The	minimum amount of chlorine (in kg per day) to be applied to achieve the same degree of disinfection							
	for th	ne enhanced flow is							
	(A)	60.50 (B) 44.00 (C) 38.00 (D) 23.27							
nsv	ver:	(A)							
7.	The	potable water is prepared from turbid surface water by adopting the following treatment sequence.							
	(A)	Turbid surface water \rightarrow Coagulation \rightarrow Flocculation \rightarrow Sedimentation \rightarrow Filtration \rightarrow							
		Disinfection \rightarrow Storage & Supply							
	(B)								
		Coagulation \rightarrow Storage & Supply							
	(C)								
	(-)	Coagulation \rightarrow Storage & Supply							
	(D)								
	(2)	Filtration . Storage & Supply							
nsv	ver:	(A)							
8.	For a	sample of water with the ionic composition shown in the figure below, the carbonate and non-							
••		bonate hardness concentrations (in mg/l as $CaCO_3$), respectively are:							
	carbo	shate hardness concentrations (in high as caces ₃), respectively are.							
		meq/1 0 4 5 7							
		Ca ²⁺ Mg ²⁺ Na ⁺							
		$HCO_3^ SO_4^{2-}$							
		meq/1 = 0 3.5 7							
	(A)	200 and 50 (B) 175 and 75 (C) 75 and 175 (D) 50 and 200							
nsv	ver:	(B)							

49. A straight 100 m long raw water gravity main is to carry water from an intake structure to the jack well of a water treatment plant. The required flow through this water main is 0.21 m³/s. Allowable velocity through the main is 0.75 m/s. Assume f = 0.01, g = 9.81 m/s². The minimum gradient (in cm/100 m



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length) to be given to this gravity main so that the required amount of water flows without any difficulty is

Answer: (4.7 to 4.9)

50. A traffic survey conducted on a road yields an average daily traffic count of 5000 vehicles. The axle load distribution on the same road is given in the following table:

Axle load (tonnes)	Frequency of traffic (%)	_
18	10	
14	20	
10	35	
8	15	
6	20	

The design period of the road is 15 years, the yearly traffic growth rate is 7.5% and the load safety factor (LSF) is 1.3. If the vehicle damage factor (VDF) is calculated from the above data, the design traffic (in million standard axle load, MSA) is

Answer: (307 to 310)

51. The perception-reaction time for a vehicle travelling at 90 km/h, given the coefficient of longitudinal friction of 0.35 and the stopping sight distance of 170 m (assume $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$), is ______ seconds.

Answer: (3.1 to 3.2)

52. The speed-density (u-k) relationship on a single lane road with unidirectional flow is u = 70 - 0.7k, where u is in km/hr and k is in veh/km. The capacity of the road (in veh/hr) is ______.

Answer: (1750 to 1750)

53. An isolated three-phase traffic signal is designed by Webster's method. The critical flow ratios for three phases are 0.20, 0.30, and 0.25 respectively, and lost time per phase is 4 seconds. The optimum cycle length (in seconds) is _____.

Answer: (90 to 95)

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54. A levelling is carried out to establish the Reduced Levels (RL) of point R with respect to the Bench Mark (BM) at P. The staff readings taken are given below.

	Staff Station	BS	IS	FS	RL
	Р	1.655 m			100.000 m
	Q	-0.950 m		-1.500 m	
	R			0.750 m	?
If RL	L of P is +100.00	0 m, them R	L (in	m) of R is	
(A)	103.355	(B) 1	03.15	55	(C) 101.45
ver:	(C)				

55. Group-I lists tool/instrument while Group II lists the method of surveying. Match the tool/instrument with the corresponding method of surveying.

q) Arrow (2) Levelling r) Bubble tube (3) Plain table surveying	Group - I			Group - II			
r) Bubble tube (3) Plain table surveying	(p) Alidade		(1)	Chain surveying			
	(q) Arrow		(2)	Levelling			
a) Stadia hair (1) Theodolite surveying	(r) Bubble tube		(3)	Plain table surveying			
s) Staula han (4) Theodolite surveying	(s) Stadia hair		(4)	Theodolite surveying			

(A) P-3; Q-2; R-1; S-4(B) P-2; Q-4; R-3; S-1(C) P-1; Q-2; R-4; S-3(D) P-3; Q-1; R-2; S-4

Answer: (D)

Answ

C Engineering Success

$\star \star \star$ END OF THE PAPER $\star \star \star$