## General Aptitude

Q. No. 1-5 Carry One Mark Each

1. You should $\qquad$ when to say $\qquad$ .
(A) no / no
(B) no / know
(C) know / know
(D) know / no

Answer:
(D)

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2. Two straight lines pass through the origin $\left(x_{0}, y_{0}\right)=(0,0)$. One of them passes through the point $\left(\mathrm{x}_{1}, \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)=(1,3)$ and the other passes through the point $\left(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}_{2}\right)=(1,2)$.

What is the area enclosed between the straight lines in the interval $[0,1]$ on the $x$-axis?
(A) 0.5
(B) 1.0
(C) 1.5
(D) 2.0

Answer: (A)
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3. If
$p: q=1: 2$
$q: r=4: 3$
$r: s=4: 5$
and $u$ is $50 \%$ more than $s$, what is the ratio $p: u$ ?
(A) $2: 15$
(B) $16: 15$
(C) $1: 5$
(D) 16: 45

Answer: (D)
4. Given the statements:

- $\quad \mathrm{P}$ is the sister of Q .
- $\quad \mathrm{Q}$ is the husband of R .
- $R$ is the mother of $S$.
- $\quad \mathrm{T}$ is the husband of P .

Based on the above information, T is $\qquad$ of $S$.
(A) the grandfather
(B) an uncle
(C) the father
(D) a brother

Answer:
(B)
5. In the following diagram, the point $R$ is the center of the circle. The lines $P Q$ and $Z V$ are tangential to the circle. The relation among the areas of the squares, PXWR, RUVZ and SPQT is

(A) Area of SPQT = Area of RUVZ = Area of PXWR
(B) Area of SPQT = Area of PXWR - Area of RUVZ
(C) Area of PXWR $=$ Area of SPQT - Area of RUVZ
(D) Area of PXWR $=$ Area of RUVZ - Area of SPQT

Answer:
(B)

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## Q.No. 6-10 Carry Two Marks Each

6. Healthy eating is a critical component of healthy aging. When should one start eating healthy? It turns out that it is never too early. For example, babies who start eating healthy in the first year are more likely to have better overall health as they get older.

Which one of the following is the CORRECT logical inference based on the information in the above passage?
(A) Healthy eating is important for those with good health conditions, but not for others
(B) Eating healthy can be started at any age, earlier the better
(C) Eating healthy and better overall health are more correlated at a young age, but not older age
(D) Healthy eating is more important for adults than kids

Answer:
(B)

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7. $\quad \mathrm{P}$ invested ₹ 5000 per month for 6 months of a year and Q invested ₹ $x$ per month for 8 months of the year in a partnership business. The profit is shared in proportion to the total investment made in that year. If at the end of that investment year, Q receives $\frac{4}{9}$ of the total profit, what is the value of $x$ (in ₹)?
(A) 2500
(B) 3000
(C) 4687
(D) 8437

Answer: (B)
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8.


The above frequency chart shows the frequency distribution of marks obtained by a set of students in an exam.

From the data presented above, which one of the following is CORRECT?
(A) mean $>$ mode $>$ median
(B) mode $>$ median $>$ mean
(C) mode $>$ mean $>$ median
(D) median $>$ mode $>$ mean

Answer:
(B)

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9. In the square grid shown on the left, a person standing at P 2 position is required to move to P 5 position. The only movement allowed for a step involves, "two moves along one direction followed by one move in a perpendicular direction". The permissible directions for movement are shown as dotted arrows in the right. For example, a person at a given position Y can move only to the positions marked X on the right.
Without occupying any of the shaded squares at the end of each step, the minimum number of steps required to go from P2 to P5 is



Example : Allowed steps for a person at Y
(A) 4
(B) 5
(C) 6
(D) 7

Answer:
(B)

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10.


Consider a cube made by folding a single sheet of paper of appropriate shape. The interior faces of the cube are all blank. However, the exterior faces that are not visible in the above view may not be blank.

Which one of the following represents a possible unfolding of the cube?
(A)

(C)
(B)

(D)


Answer:
(*) (MTA)
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## Civil Engineering Q. No. 11-35 Carry One Mark Each

11. Consider the following expression:
$z=\sin (y+i t)+\cos (y-i t)$
Where $\mathrm{z}, \mathrm{y}$ and t are variables, and $\mathrm{i}=\sqrt{-1}$ is s a complex number. The partial differential equation derived from the above expression is
(A) $\frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial t^{2}}+\frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial y^{2}}=0$
(B) $\frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{z}}{\partial \mathrm{t}^{2}}-\frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{z}}{\partial \mathrm{y}^{2}}=0$
(C) $\frac{\partial z}{\partial t}-i \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}=0$
(D) $\frac{\partial z}{\partial \mathrm{t}}+\mathrm{i} \frac{\partial \mathrm{z}}{\partial \mathrm{y}}=0$

Answer: (A)
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12. For the equation
$\frac{d^{3} y}{d x^{3}}+x\left(\frac{d y}{d x}\right)^{3 / 2}+x^{2} y=0$
The correct description is
(A) an ordinary differential equation of order 3 and degree 2.
(B) an ordinary differential equation of order 3 and degree 3 .
(C) an ordinary differential equation of order 2 and degree 3 .
(D) an ordinary differential equation of order 3 and degree $3 / 2$.

Answer: (A)
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13. The hoop stress at a point on the surface of a thin cylindrical pressure vessel is computed to be 30.0 MPa . The value of maximum shear stress at this point is
(A) 7.5 MPa
(B) 15.0 MPa
(C) 30.00 MPa
(D) 22.5 MPa

Answer: (A or B) Click here to watch video explanation
14. In the context of elastic theory of reinforced concrete, the modular ratio is defined as the ratio of
(A) Young's modulus of elasticity of reinforcement material to Young's modulus of elasticity of concrete.
(B) Young's modulus of elasticity of concrete to Young's modulus of elasticity of reinforcement material.
(C) shear modulus of reinforcement material to the shear modulus of concrete.
(D) Young's modulus of elasticity of reinforcement material to the shear modulus of concrete.

Answer: (A)

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15. Which of the following equations is correct for the Pozzolanic reaction?
(A) $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+$ Reactive Superplasticizer $+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow$ C-S-H
(B) $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+$ Reactive Silicon dioxide $+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{H}$
(C) $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+$ Reactive Sulphates $+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow$ C-S-H
(D) $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+$ Reactive Sulphur $+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow$ C-S-H

Answer: (B)
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16. Consider the cross-section of a beam made up of thin uniform elements having thickness $t(t \ll a)$ shown in the figure. The ( $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ ) coordinates of the points along the center-line of the cross-section are given in the figure.

(A) $x=0, y=3 a$
(B) $x=2 a, y=2 a$
(C) $x=-a, y=2 a$
(D) $x=-2 a, y=a$

Answer: (A)
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17. Four different soils are classified as CH, ML, SP, and SW, as per the Unified Soil Classification System. Which one of the following options correctly represents their arrangement in the decreasing order of hydraulic conductivity?
(A) SW, SP, ML, CH
(B) $\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{ML}, \mathrm{SP}, \mathrm{SW}$
(C) SP, SW, CH, ML
(D) ML, SP, CH, SW

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Answer: (A)
A)
18. Let $\sigma_{v}^{\prime}$ and $\sigma_{h}^{\prime}$ denote the effective vertical stress and effective horizontal stress, respectively. Which one of the following conditions must be satisfied for a soil element to reach the failure state under Rankine's passive earth pressure condition?
(A) $\sigma_{v}^{\prime}<\sigma_{h}^{\prime}$
(B) $\sigma_{v}^{\prime}>\sigma_{h}^{\prime}$
(C) $\sigma_{v}^{\prime}=\sigma_{h}^{\prime}$
(D) $\sigma_{v}^{\prime}+\sigma_{h}^{\prime}=0$

Answer: (A)
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19. With respect to fluid flow, match the following in Column X with Column Y :

| Column X | Column Y |
| :--- | :--- |
| (P) $\quad$ Viscosity | (I) $\quad$ Mach number |
| (Q) | Gravity | (II) Reynolds number | (R) Compressibility |
| :--- |
| (S) $\quad$ Pressure |

Which one of the following combinations is correct?
(A) $(\mathrm{P})-$ (II), (Q) - (IV), (R) - (I), (S) - (III)
(B) (P) - (III), (Q) - (IV), (R) - (I), (S) - (II)
(C) P ) - (IV), (Q) - (II), (R) - (I), (S) - (III)
(D) $(\mathrm{P})-$ (II), (Q) - (IV), (R) - (III), (S) - (I)

Answer: (A)
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20. Let $\psi$ represent soil suction head and K represent hydraulic conductivity of the soil. If the soil moisture content $\theta$ increases, which one of the following statements is TRUE?
(A) $\psi$ decreases and K increases
(B) $\psi$ increases and K decreases
(C) Both $\psi$ and K decrease
(D) Both $\psi$ and K increase

Answer: (A)
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21. A rectangular channel with Gradually Varied Flow (GVF) has a changing bed slope. If the change is from a steeper slope to a steep slope, the resulting GVF profile is
(A) $\mathrm{S}_{3}$
(B) $\mathrm{S}_{1}$
(C) $\mathrm{S}_{2}$
(D) either $\mathrm{S}_{1}$ or $\mathrm{S}_{2}$, depending on the magnitude of the slopes

Answer: (A)
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22. The total hardness in raw water is 500 milligram per liter as $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$. The total hardness of this raw water, expressed in milligram equivalent per liter, is (Consider the atomic weights of $\mathrm{Ca}, \mathrm{C}$, and O as 40 $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{mol}, 12 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$, and $16 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$, respectively.)
(A) 10
(B) 100
(C) 1
(D) 5
(C)

Answer: (A)
(B) 100
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23. An aerial photograph is taken from a flight at a height of 3.5 km above mean sea level, using a camera of focal length 152 mm . If the average ground elevation is 460 m above mean sea level, then the scale of the photograph is
(A) $1: 20000$
(B) $1: 20$
(C) $1: 100000$
(D) $1: 2800$

Answer: (A)
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24. A line between stations $P$ and $Q$ laid on a slope of 1 in 5 was measured as 350 m using a 50 m tape. The tape is known to be short by 0.1 m . The corrected horizontal length (in m ) of the line PQ will be
(A) 342.52
(B) 349.30
(C) 356.20
(D) 350.70

Answer: (A)
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25. The matrix M is defined as

$$
M=\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 3 \\
4 & 2
\end{array}\right]
$$

and has eigenvalues $\mathbf{5}$ and $\mathbf{- 2}$. The matrix $\boldsymbol{Q}$ is formed as

$$
\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{M}^{3}-4 \mathrm{M}^{2}-2 \mathrm{M}
$$

Which of the following is/are the eigenvalue(s) of matrix Q ?
(A) 15
(B) 25
(C) -20
(D) -30

Answer: (A, C) Click here to watch video explanation
26. For wastewater coming from a wood pulping industry, Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) and 5-day Biochemical Oxygen Demand $\left(\mathrm{BOD}_{5}\right)$ were determined. For this wastewater, which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?
(A) $\mathrm{COD}>\mathrm{BOD}_{5}$
(B) $\mathrm{COD} \neq \mathrm{BOD}_{5}$
(C) $\mathrm{COD}<\mathrm{BOD}_{5}$
(D) $\mathrm{COD}=\mathrm{BOD}_{5}$

Answer: (A, B)
27. Which of the following process(es) can be used for conversion of salt water into fresh water?
(A) Microfiltration
(B) Electrodialysis
(C) Ultrafiltration
(D) Reverse osmosis

Answer:
(B, D)
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28. A horizontal curve is to be designed in a region with limited space. Which of the following measure(s) can be used to decrease the radius of curvature?
(A) Decrease the design speed
(B) Increase the superelevation.
(C) Increase the design speed.
(D) Restrict vehicles with higher weight from using the facility.

Answer: (A, B)
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29. Consider the following recursive iteration scheme for different values of variable $P$ with the initial guess $x_{1}=\mathbf{1}$ :
$\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{n}+1}=\frac{1}{2}\left(\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{n}}+\frac{\mathrm{P}}{\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{n}}}\right), \quad \mathrm{n}=1,2,3,4,5$
For $P=\mathbf{2}, \mathrm{x}_{5}$ is obtained to be 1.414 , rounded-off to three decimal places. For $\mathrm{P}=\mathbf{3},{ }_{5}$ is obtained to be 1.732 , rounded-off to three decimal places.
If $P=\mathbf{1 0}$, the numerical value of $x_{5}$ is $\qquad$ (round off to three decimal places)
Answer:
(3.100 to 3.200)

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30. The Fourier cosine series of a function is given by:

$$
f(x)=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f_{n} \cos n x
$$

For $(x)=\cos ^{4} x$, the numerical value of $\left(f_{4}+f_{5}\right)$ is $\qquad$ . (round off to three decimal places).
Answer:
(0.120 to 0.130 )

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31. An uncompacted heap of soil has a volume of $10000 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ and void ratio of 1 .

If the soil is compacted to a volume of $7500 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$, then the corresponding void ratio of the compacted soil is $\qquad$ (round off to one decimal place)

Answer:
32. A concentrated vertical load of 3000 kN is applied on a horizontal ground surface. Points $P$ and $Q$ are at depths 1 m and 2 m below the ground, respectively, along the line of application of the load. Considering the ground to be a linearly elastic, isotropic, semi-infinite medium, the ratio of the increase in vertical stress at $P$ to the increase in vertical stress at $Q$ is $\qquad$ . (in integer)
Answer:
(4 to 4)
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33. At a site, Static Cone Penetration Test was carried out. The measured point (tip) resistance $\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{c}}$ was 1000 kPa at a certain depth. The friction ratio $\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{r}}\right)$ was estimated as $1 \%$ at the same depth. The value of sleeve (side) friction (in kPa ) at that depth was $\qquad$ . (in integer)
Answer:
(10 to 10)
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34. During a particular stage of the growth of a crop, the consumptive use of water is $2.8 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{day}$. The amount of water available in the soil is $50 \%$ of the maximum depth of available water in the root zone. Consider the maximum root zone depth of the crop as 80 mm and the irrigation efficiency as $70 \%$. The interval between irrigation (in days) will be $\qquad$ . (round off to the nearest integer)

Answer:
(*) (MTA)

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35. The bearing of a survey line is $\mathrm{N} 31^{\circ} 17^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$. Its azimuth observed from north is $\qquad$ deg. (round off to two decimal places)

Answer:
(328.60 to 328.80)

## Q. No. 36-65 Carry Two Marks Each

36. The Cartesian coordinates of a point $P$ in a right-handed coordinate system are (1, 1, 1). The transformed coordinates of P due to a $45^{\circ}$ clockwise rotation of the coordinate system about the positive x -axis are
(A) $(1,0, \sqrt{2})$
(B) $(1,0,-\sqrt{2})$
(C) $(-1,0, \sqrt{2})$
(D) $(-1,0,-\sqrt{2})$

Answer:
(A)

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37. A semi-circular bar of radius $R \mathrm{~m}$, in a vertical plane, is fixed at the end $G$, as shown in the figure. A horizontal load of magnitude P kN is applied at the end H . The magnitude of the axial force, shear force, and bending moment at point Q for $\theta=45^{\circ}$, respectively, are

(A) $\frac{\mathrm{P}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kN}, \frac{\mathrm{P}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kN}$, and $\frac{\mathrm{PR}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kNm}$
(B) $\frac{\mathrm{P}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kN}, \frac{\mathrm{P}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kN}$, and 0 kNm
(C) $0 \mathrm{kN}, \frac{\mathrm{P}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kN}$, and $\frac{\mathrm{PR}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kNm}$
(D) $\frac{\mathrm{P}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kN}, 0 \mathrm{kN}$, and $\frac{\mathrm{PR}}{\sqrt{2}} \mathrm{kNm}$

Answer:
(A)

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38. A weld is used for joining an angle section ISA $100 \mathrm{~mm} \times 100 \mathrm{~mm} \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ to a gusset plate of thickness 15 mm to transmit a tensile load. The permissible stress in the angle is 150 MPa and the permissible shear stress on the section through the throat of the fillet weld is 108 MPa . The location of the centroid of the angle is represented by $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{yy}}$ in the figure, where $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{yy}}=28.4 \mathrm{~mm}$. The area of crosssection of the angle is $1903 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. Assuming the effective throat thickness of the weld to be 0.7 times the given weld size, the lengths $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ (rounded off to the nearest integer) of the weld required to transmit a load equal to the full strength of the tension member are, respectively

(A) 541 mm and 214 mm
(B) 214 mm and 541 mm
(C) 380 mm and 151 mm
(D) 151 mm and 380 mm

Answer: (A)
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39. The project activities are given in the following table along with the duration and dependency.

| Activities | Duration(days) | Depends on |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | 10 | - |
| Q | 12 | - |
| R | 5 | P |
| S | 10 | Q |
| T | 10 | $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}$ |

Which one of the following combinations is correct?
(A) Total duration of the project $=22$ days, Critical path is $\mathrm{Q} \rightarrow \mathrm{S}$
(B) Total duration of the project $=20$ days, Critical path is $\mathrm{Q} \rightarrow \mathrm{T}$
(C) Total duration of the project $=22$ days, Critical path is $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{T}$
(D) Total duration of the project $=20$ days, Critical path is $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{R}$
40. The correct match between the physical states of the soils given in Group I and the governing conditions given in Group II is

| Group I | Group II |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.normally consolidated soil | P. sensitivity $>16$ |
| 2. quick clay | Q.dilation angle $=0$ |
| 3.sand in critical state | R. liquid limit $>50$ |
| 4. clay of high plasticity | S. over consolidation ratio $=1$ |

(A) 1-S, 2-P, 3-Q, 4-R
(B) 1-Q, 2-S, 3-P, 4-R
(C) 1-Q, 2-P, 3-R, 4-S
(D) 1-S, 2-Q, 3-P, 4-R

Answer: (A)
41. As per Rankine's theory of earth pressure, the inclination of failure planes is $\left(45+\frac{\phi}{2}\right)^{\circ}$ with respect to the direction of the minor principal stress. The above statement is correct for which one of the following options?
(A) Only the active state and not the passive state
(B) Only the passive state and not the active state
(C) Both active as well as passive states
(D) Neither active nor passive state

Answer: (C)
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42. Henry's law constant for transferring $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ from air into water, at room temperature, is $1.3 \frac{\mathrm{mmol}}{\text { liter -atm }}$ Given that the partial pressure of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ in the liter-atm atmosphere is 0.21 atm , the concentration of dissolved oxygen ( $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{liter}$ ) in water in equilibrium with the atmosphere at room temperature is (Consider the molecular weight of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ as $32 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ )
(A) 8.7
(B) 0.8
(C) 198.1
(D) 0.2

Answer: (A)
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43. In a water sample, the concentrations of $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}, \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}^{-}$are $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}, 36 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ and $122 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$, respectively. The atomic masses of various elements are: $\mathrm{Ca}=40, \mathrm{Mg}=24, \mathrm{H}=1, \mathrm{C}=12, \mathrm{O}=16$.
The total hardness and the temporary hardness in the water sample (in $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ as $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ ) will be
(A) 400 and 100 , respectively.
(B) 400 and 300 , respectively.
(C) 500 and 100 , respectively.
(D) 800 and 200 , respectively.

Answer: (A)
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44. Consider the four points $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}$, and S shown in the Greenshields fundamental speed-flow diagram. Denote their corresponding traffic densities by $\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{P}}, \mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{Q}}, \mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{R}}$ and $\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{S}}$ respectively. The correct order of these densities is


Answer: (A)
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45. Let max $\{a, b\}$ denote the maximum of two real numbers $a$ and $b$. Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE about the function $(x)=\max \{3-x, x-1\}$ ?
(A) It is continuous on its domain.
(B) It has a local minimum at $x=2$.
(C) It has a local maximum at $x=2$.
(D) It is differentiable on its domain.

Answer: (A, B)
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46. A horizontal force of P kN is applied to a homogeneous body of weight 25 kN , as shown in the figure. The coefficient of friction between the body and the floor is 0.3 . Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

(B) Sliding of the body never occurs.
(C) No motion occurs for $\mathrm{P} \leq 6 \mathrm{kN}$.
(D) The motion of the body will occur by sliding only.

Answer:
(A, C or A, B, C)
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47. In the context of cross-drainage structures, the correct statement(s) regarding the relative positions of a natural drain (stream/river) and an irrigation canal, is/are
(A) In an aqueduct, natural drain water goes under the irrigation canal, whereas in a super-passage, natural drain water goes over the irrigation canal.
(B) In a level crossing, natural drain water goes through the irrigation canal.
(C) In an aqueduct, natural drain water goes over the irrigation canal, whereas in a super-passage, natural drain water goes under the irrigation canal.
(D) In a canal syphon, natural drain water goes through the irrigation canal.

Answer: (A, B)
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48. Consider the differential equation

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=4(x+2)-y
$$

For the initial condition $\mathrm{y}=3$ at $\mathrm{x}=1$, the value of $y$ at $\mathrm{x}=1.4$ obtained using Euler's method with a step-size of 0.2 is $\qquad$ (round off to one decimal place)

Answer:
(6.3 to 6.5)

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49. A set of observations of independent variable ( x ) and the corresponding dependent variable ( y ) is given below.

| $x$ | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y$ | 16 | 10 | 13 | 12 |

Based on the data, the coefficient a of the linear regression model

$$
y=a+b x
$$

is estimated as 6.1.
The coefficient $b$ is $\qquad$ . (round off to one decimal place)
Answer: (1.9 to 1.9) Click here to watch video explanation
50. The plane truss shown in the figure is subjected to an external force $P$. It is given that $P=70 \mathrm{kN}, \mathrm{a}=2 \mathrm{~m}$, and $\mathrm{b}=3 \mathrm{~m}$.


The magnitude (absolute value) of force (in kN ) in member EF is $\qquad$ (round off to the nearest integer)
Answer:
(28 to 32)
51. Consider the linearly elastic plane frame shown in the figure. Members HF, FK and FG are welded together at joint F. Joints K, G and H are fixed supports. A counter-clockwise moment M is applied at joint F . Consider flexural rigidity $\mathrm{EI}=10^{5} \mathrm{kN}-\mathrm{m}^{2}$ for each member and neglect axial deformations.


If the magnitude (absolute value) of the support moment at H is $10 \mathrm{kN}-\mathrm{m}$, the magnitude (absolute value) of the applied moment M (in $\mathrm{kN}-\mathrm{m}$ ) to maintain static equilibrium is $\qquad$ . (round off to the nearest integer)

Answer:
(57 to 63)
52. Consider a simply supported beam $P Q$ as shown in the figure. A truck having 100 kN on the front axle and 200 kN on the rear axle, moves from left to right. The spacing between the axles is 3 m . The maximum bending moment at point R is $\qquad$ kNm . (in integer)


Answer: (180 to 180)

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53. A reinforced concrete beam with rectangular cross section (width $=300 \mathrm{~mm}$, effective depth $=580 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) is made of M30 grade concrete. It has $1 \%$ longitudinal tension reinforcement of Fe 415 grade steel. The design shear strength for this beam is $0.66 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$. The beam has to resist a factored shear force of 440 kN . The spacing of two-legged, 10 mm diameter vertical stirrups of Fe 415 grade steel is
$\qquad$ mm . (round off to the nearest integer)

Answer:
( 100 to 102)
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54. A square concrete pile of 10 m length is driven into a deep layer of uniform homogeneous clay. Average unconfined compressive strength of the clay, determined through laboratory tests on undisturbed samples extracted from the clay layer, is 100 kPa . If the ultimate compressive load capacity of the driven pile is 632 kN , the required width of the pile is $\qquad$ mm . (in integer)
(Bearing capacity factor $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{c}}=9$; adhesion factor $\alpha=0.7$ )
Answer:
(400 to 400)
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55. A raft foundation of $30 \mathrm{~m} \times 25 \mathrm{~m}$ is proposed to be constructed at a depth of 8 m in a sand layer. A 25 m thick saturated clay layer exists 2 m below the base of the raft foundation. Below the clay layer, a dense sand layer exists at the site. A 25 mm thick undisturbed sample was collected from the mid-depth of the clay layer and tested in a laboratory oedometer under double drainage condition. It was found that the soil sample had undergone $50 \%$ consolidation settlement in 10 minutes.
The time (in days) required for $25 \%$ consolidation settlement of the raft foundation will be
$\qquad$ . (round off to the nearest integer)

Answer:
(1730 to 1740)
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56. A two-hour duration storm event with uniform excess rainfall of 3 cm occurred on a watershed. The ordinates of streamflow hydrograph resulting from this event are given in the table.

| Time <br> (hours) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Streamflow <br> $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}\right)$ | 10 | 16 | 34 | 40 | 31 | 25 | 16 | 10 |

Considering a constant baseflow of $10 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$, the peak flow ordinate (in $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$ ) of one-hour unit hydrograph for the watershed is $\qquad$ . (in integer)
57. Two reservoirs are connected by two parallel pipes of equal length and of diameters 20 cm and 10 cm , as shown in the figure (not drawn to scale). When the difference in the water levels of the reservoirs is 5 m , the ratio of discharge in the larger diameter pipe to the discharge in the smaller diameter pipe is
$\qquad$ . (round off to two decimal places)
(Consider only loss due to friction and neglect all other losses. Assume the friction factor to be the same for both the pipes)


Answer: (5.60 to 5.70 )

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58. Depth of water flowing in a 3 m wide rectangular channel is 2 m . The channel carries a discharge of $12 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$. Take $\mathrm{g}=9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$.
The bed width (in m) at contraction, which just causes the critical flow, is $\qquad$ without changing the upstream water level. (round off to two decimal places)

Answer: (2.05 to 2.35)
59. A wastewater sample contains two nitrogen species, namely ammonia and nitrate. Consider the atomic weight of $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{H}$, and O as $14 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}, 1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$, and $16 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$, respectively. In this wastewater, the concentration of ammonia is $34 \mathrm{mg} \mathrm{NH}_{3} /$ liter and that of nitrate is $6.2 \mathrm{mg} \mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}$/ liter. The total nitrogen concentration in this wastewater is $\qquad$ milligram nitrogen per liter. (round off to one decimal place)

Answer: (29.0 to 30.0)
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60. A $2 \%$ sewage sample (in distilled water) was incubated for 3 days at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature. After incubation, a dissolved oxygen depletion of $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ was recorded. The biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) rate constant at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was found to be 0.23 day $^{-1}$ (at base e).
The ultimate BOD (in mg/L) of the sewage will be $\qquad$ (round off to the nearest integer)
Answer:
(1000 to 1005)
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61. A water treatment plant has a sedimentation basin of depth 3 m , width 5 m , and length 40 m . The water inflow rate is $500 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}$. The removal fraction of particles having a settling velocity of $1.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{h}$ is $\qquad$ . (round off to one decimal place) (Consider the particle density as $2650 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ and liquid density as $991 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ )

Answer:
(0.38 to 0.42)
62. A two-phase signalized intersection is designed with a cycle time of 100 s . The amber and red times for each phase are 4 s and 50 s , respectively. If the total lost time per phase due to start-up and clearance is $2 s$, the effective green time of each phase is $\qquad$ s. (in integer)

Answer: (48 to 48)
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63. At a traffic intersection, cars and buses arrive randomly according to independent Poisson processes at an average rate of 4 vehicles per hour and 2 vehicles per hour, respectively. The probability of observing at least 2 vehicles in 30 minutes is $\qquad$ (round off to two decimal places)

Answer:
(0.78 to 0.82) $\qquad$ Click here to watch video explanation
64. The vehicle count obtained in every 10 minute interval of a traffic volume survey done in peak one hour is given below.

| Time Interval <br> (in minutes) | Vehicle Count |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-10$ | 10 |
| $10-20$ | 11 |
| $20-30$ | 12 |
| $30-40$ | 15 |
| $40-50$ | 13 |
| $50-60$ | 11 |

The peak hour factor (PHF) for 10 minute sub-interval is $\qquad$ . (round off to one decimal place)

Answer: (0.8 to 0.8)
65. For the dual-wheel carrying assembly shown in the figure, P is the load on each wheel, a is the radius of the contact area of the wheel, $s$ is the spacing between the wheels, and $d$ is the clear distance between the wheels. Assuming that the ground is an elastic, homogeneous, and isotropic half space, the ratio of Equivalent Single Wheel Load (ESWL) at depth $\mathrm{z}=\mathrm{d} / 2$ to the ESWL at depth $\mathrm{z}=2 \mathrm{~s}$ is $\qquad$ . (round off to one decimal place)
(Consider the influence angle to be $45^{\circ}$ for the linear dispersion of stress with depth)


Answer:

